

The Stillwater Messenger.

A. J. VAN VORHES,
Editor and Proprietor.

VOLUME 10.

"BE JUST AND FEAR NOT."

STILLWATER, MINNESOTA, AUGUST 1, 1866.

TERMS—\$2.00 A YEAR
Invariably in Advance.

NUMBER 47.

STILLWATER MESSENGER

Wednesday, August 1, 1866.

Col. Aldrich—Amende Honoree.

Justice is sometimes tardy, but better late than never. After a silence of years, the St. Paul Press has at last withdrawn the damaging charges made against Colonel Aldrich, when that gentleman was a candidate for the U. S. Senate, and but for which tirade he would probably have been elected to that position. The Press says:

"Nearly four years ago, upon the occasion of the controversy in relation to the election of a United States Senator, information reached us from official quarters which seemed to us to seriously affect the character of one of the two prominent candidates for that high position. We were informed that the books of the Treasury Department at Washington revealed a defalcation to a considerable amount, and of long standing, in the account of Cyrus Aldrich, Disbursing Agent of the Government, at Dixon, Illinois, in the spring of 1853; and official documents were transmitted which, as it appeared to us, fully sustained the charge. Later and fuller information, however, convinced us that, though the books of the Comptroller showed a long and steady standing balance against Mr. Aldrich, great injustice was done him in assuming any fraudulent intent in the delay to pay it. An investigation of the facts made it evident that this delay arose solely from a reasonably founded doubt as to the legality of the claim made by the Government which was for the fees received for auditing bank-warrants—a claim which was disputed by a great number of land-officers in Illinois; and that payment was withheld by them—Mr. Aldrich among the rest—merely to await the result of a test lawsuit instituted by the Government against one of their number, in accordance with an agreement between the Comptroller and the land-officers, who, it may be of some interest to know, were the District Attorney, in behalf of the Government, and Messrs. Logan and Lincoln, in behalf of the land-officers. A decision involving the principle at issue was recently reached in the test-case referred to, against the position taken by the land-officers, and we are happy to learn that Mr. Aldrich promptly responded by an adjustment and payment of the balance claimed to be due from him by the Commissioner of the General Land Office. We need not say it gives us great pleasure to be able to relieve Mr. Aldrich of the imputation upon his official integrity which arose from a too exclusive view of the side of the case presented by the Government. We deem it but simple justice to add that Mr. Aldrich's public career in this State as the Representative of this District in Congress, and in other positions, presents, as far as we know, a stainless record of fidelity and devotion to the interests of his constituents."

Reconstructed Loyalty.

The Houston (Texas) Star of June 15th, gives an account of a fireman's celebration in that city, the day previous. We think the following paragraph from the report will be appreciated without explanation from us:

"Hook and Ladder" was last in the order of marching, blue flannel shirts and black pants being their uniform. Their track was drawn by four white horses, upon which were placed a monument in memory of the Confederate dead, upon which was seated a beautiful young girl, mourning for the "dead nation" and its martyrs. She was dressed in red, white and red, with crape over the stars which represent the Southern States. She wore manacles on her hands, with chains at her feet, as indicative of the condition of her own native land. She did not represent the Goddess of Liberty, (as some of the Federal officers supposed), but the South—the down-trodden, the oppressed South. It was painfully beautiful and touching, and reminded us of Andromache lying chained and weeping for her Lord.

There are but few people who ever doubted really that the North would finally win in the contest.—Times.

The Copperhead National Convention held in Chicago in August 1864 solemnly declared its belief that the "South" could never be conquered. The Times asserted almost daily during the war, that the North could never win in the contest. Allstraight out Copperheads firmly believed that the South could not be whipped and that the war was a "failure." It is laughable now to see them take the back track.

A Heart Jewel.

Great men rise, fall, are soon forgotten. The names of few, indeed, will be perpetuated in history, and kept above the dark pit of forgetfulness. Among that few will be the name of Abraham Lincoln, whose memory will be green in leaf and perpetual in blossom through all the coming ages. His memory cannot die, for his greatness is embalm'd in his goodness. Carrying a burden of care and responsibility greater than ever before rested upon human shoulders, he still had time for sympathizing with the afflicted, and consolation for the bereaved.

The following letter, written at a time of the greatest national anxiety, will be re-read with interest, and awaken a recollection of many like acts:

EXECUTIVE MANSION,
Washington, Nov. 21, 1864.

MADAM:—I have been shown on the files of the War Department a statement of the Adjutant-General of Massachusetts, that you are the mother of five sons who have died gloriously on the field of battle. I feel how weak and fruitless must be any words of mine which should attempt to beguile you from the loss so overwhelming, but I cannot refrain from tendering to you the consolation that may be found in the thanks of the Republic they died to save.

I pray that our Heavenly Father may assuage the anguish of your bereavement, and leave you only the cherished memory of the loved and lost, and the solemn pride that must be yours to have given so costly a sacrifice to the altar of freedom.

Yours very respectfully,
A. LINCOLN.

Mrs. Bixby, Boston, Mass.

LOCAL NEWS.

For terms of advertising see fourth page.

To-Morrow Night—Prof. Murdoch.

A rich feast is in store for our citizens to-morrow night. Professor Murdoch will give one of his rare entertainments at the Myrtle Street Church, (which spacious edifice has been secured for the occasion,) being the only entertainment by this renowned Elocutionist in this city, as he can only be secured for one evening. No one, who can appreciate a masterly rendition of the choicest gems of the English language, should fail to attend, as another opportunity to hear this distinguished Elocutionist may not again occur under so favorable circumstances.

The committee on behalf of the Stillwater Library Association deserve the thanks and patronage of our citizens in providing for them so rich a repast. Procure tickets early, in order to secure seats. Tickets can be had at the stores of Messrs. W. E. Thorne, A. Eldridge and Joseph Daniels; also from the committee of arrangements. Reserved seats can be procured at Eldridge's Book Store.

DEATH OF MR. DARMES.—Mr. J. W. C. Darmes, one of our old citizens, died yesterday, of disease contracted in the army. Although far beyond the age at which military service could be claimed, Mr. Darmes was among the first to enlist in the First Minnesota regiment, and remained with it until the regiment was mustered out. He never lost a day of duty except when suffering from wounds received, and was regarded as among the best soldiers in the service. His funeral takes place this afternoon at five o'clock from the residence of Julius Brunswick, on Chestnut street.

TAIL MASTS.—The Northwestern Telegraph company are constructing two masts immediately in the rear of our office, designed for the suspension of their line across the Mississippi at La Crosse. The masts are each 130 feet in length, and being finished in beautiful style. When completed, they will be placed on a lumber raft and floated to La Crosse.

An exchange says: "The new hoops are quite prevalent in this city, but we observe no buckles. Most of the garters are of red tape, and tied above the knee."

A very observing editor, or very fashionable hoops. Which is it?

A New Way to Remove Sand-Bars.—Ingenious Invention by a Citizen of Minnesota.

Col. Wm. H. Nobles, of St. Paul, was in our city on Saturday and Monday last, exhibiting to our citizens the model of a highly ingenious and to all appearances a thoroughly practical invention he has just patented, for removing obstructions to the navigation of our rivers in the lowest water yet known, or that may ever be known. The following description of the machine which appeared in the St. Paul Press a few days ago, will perhaps give as good an idea of it as anything we could write:

Col. Wm. H. Nobles, whom very few of our more recent settlers know to be one of the oldest practical workers with machinery and in the mechanic arts who ever followed business of the kind in our city, has just received letters patent for two machines, one for harbor dredging uses, and the other for clearing out the sand bars of our rivers. The principle of both these apparatus is the same. It embodies in reality a succession of plows, spirally arranged upon a revolving shaft, which, in the case of the sand bar dredging machine, carries the sand from one mold-board to another from the centre in both directions until it is thrown entirely out of the way, and the current left to operate freely upon the new channel. The mold containing the machine is moved down with the current, and by means of two hawsers made fast in front of it, and anchored by the action of the machinery, the plows are steadily "fed up" to the sand bar in process of being removed in the same manner that an ordinary plow is drawn through the ground by a team. The harbor dredging machine differs only materially from this in the fact that the earth is further scraped into certain boxes, or buckets, arranged on an endless chain working over pulleys, and then hoisted to the surface to be passed into scows and floated away.

The whole contrivance is certainly novel, and founded upon correct mechanical principles. The models of these machines have been examined by many of the most practical, mariners and scientific men of the Eastern cities, and it is the general impression that they are just the thing.

It will be a great loss to the public, and a great wrong to the inventive genius and skill which have produced this machine, if no way can be devised by which it can be put into practical operation at once. Col. Nobles estimates that a boat, with the necessary machinery to keep a channel open of four feet depth the entire length of the St. Croix, from Taylors Falls to Prescott, will not cost over five or six thousand dollars. He has been informed by leading lumbermen of Stillwater that, had such a channel been open the past two months, between here and Taylors Falls, it would have made a difference in favor of the lumbering interest of the valley of at least \$50,000. This being the fact, and in view of the exceedingly liberal offer Col. Nobles makes to our lumbermen and others interested, it will seem very strange if they do not take hold of the enterprise and have one of the "sand diggers" on our river at as early a day as it can possibly be built. The Colonel proposes to charge nothing for the right, and also to superintend the building of the boat and machinery free of charge or personal expense.

It would be rather a pleasing and interesting coincidence in the history of our Valley, that one who in early days transacted business on the river, and helped to "pole" many a "Mackinaw" over its sand bars and through its tortuous channels, should now produce the means whereby it can be rendered, at all seasons, except when closed by ice, as navigable for all practical purposes, as the Lower Mississippi.

Col. Nobles emigrated to this Valley in the fall of 1843, and was first employed with the "Marine Company," where the present village of Marine now stands. When he first landed at Stillwater the timbers for McKusick's mill had just been rafted from above, and there was not yet a house in town. He was subsequently a partner in the Osceola Mill property, and built the first mill at that point, on a somewhat novel principle which all the old saw mill men said would not work. But it did work, and worked well. When St. Paul was first started as a town, he went thither, and put in operation the first blacksmith and wagon shop in that place, which he carried on for some years. We sincerely trust that he will now meet with full success, and reap a handsome fortune from this new invention of his, upon which he

has spent years of study and experiment.

A number of our business men met with Col. Nobles on Monday evening to hear explanations of the working of the machine, all of whom, we believe, were convinced of the practicability of the invention. A number of gentlemen present signified a willingness to take stock in a company to be organized for the construction of a boat to be placed on the St. Croix. Under the inventor's liberal proposition, we have no doubt the stock will be readily taken and the machine tested next season.

TERMS IN BRIEF.

A number of desirable city lots and other real estate are offered for sale in to-day's paper. See advertisement.

The heated term still continues, and seekers after cool breezes can only find that commodity in the vicinity of ice-houses. A number of our citizens have been prostrated by exposure to the heat, but no fatal cases of sun-stroke have occurred.

BROKE DOWN.—A few weeks since one of the shafts, driving about one-half the machinery connected with the mammoth saw mill of Messrs. Schulenburg & Co., broke down, causing a delay of several weeks and an expenditure of several thousand dollars.

ANOTHER.—Last Thursday a portion of the machinery connected with the steam saw mill of Messrs. S. Atlee & Co., gave away, causing a suspension of business and the non-employment of a large number of hands for some days or weeks.

Go to the Myrtle Street church to-morrow night, if you want to hear Murdoch, the world-renowned Elocutionist. It may be years before such another opportunity is presented. A man had better lose a rich uncle—"with will annexed"—than fail to hear this incomparable Elocutionist.

Since the rise in the St. Croix early last week, boats have been making regular trips between Prescott and Taylors Falls.

The cranberry crop is represented as being quite promising at present, but the maturity of the fruit depending upon so many contingencies the success or failure of the crop cannot be certainly foretold.

A GOURMET.—Deputy Marshal Keefe caught an unruly gopher a few evenings since and placed him in the city lock-up. During the night he dug his way out of the cell and concluded to decamp without paying his respects to Chief Justice Butts. Let him wait!

IN DEMAND.—Our city sports three first class livery stables; but such is the demand for ribbons to accommodate excursionists, business men and others, that stock must often be engaged days in advance in order to secure a rig.

NEW MEAT MARKET.—Messrs. Connelly, (the inevitable "Andy"), Lyman & McClelland, have opened a new meat market on Main street, McKinstry building, where they are dispensing the choicest cuts of all kinds of meats in *rather* style. Success to the new firm.

Our readers must have discovered the fact that the past few weeks the Messenger has been printed on a better quality of paper than for some months previous. Heretofore we have paid enormous prices for an inferior quality of paper—the best that could be procured—but hereafter, as at present, we hope to present a bright sheet. The paper now in use by us is manufactured by Cutter, Seombe & Co., Minneapolis.

THE VINE CROP.—The bugs have been bad this season, but they have not been enabled to destroy all of the vines. Water melons will be plenty; Muskmelons and Cucumbers will be plenty. The latter are already so. Squashes and Pumpkins will abound more than ever.

A Johnson man at Saratoga refuses to drink from Congress Spring.

BIRD TRACKS.—Quite a number of Democratic politicians—old worn-out seeds—have been in town during the past few days. It looks to us as though some one wants to go to Congress, or to secure a Johnson-Davis delegation to the Philadelphia convention.

The back-door meeting soon to come off in Brislin's law office in St. Paul will show the tracks that are being made in the sand.

The following is applicable to many of our patrons. It is worth reading:

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The Stillwater correspondent of the Pioneer of Sunday pays a citizen of this place a compliment which we will be excused for transferring to our columns.

A SUPERIOR WORKMAN.—Why send to New York or Philadelphia, when any thing is desired in the way of repairing or constructing complicated, intricate or delicate machinery? A few days ago the proprietor of the Messenger office accidentally smashed his right hand—but a portion of the intricate machinery of one of Gould's power presses. The machine was taken apart and examined by a number of mechanics, who decided that it could not be repaired without sending it to the manufacturer in New York; whereupon, as the last chance, Major A. Van Vorhes was called upon for an opinion. After a short examination he expressed his willingness to "try it on." In less than three days the press was running, and the broken parts stronger and better than when it came from the foundry. Major Van Vorhes is now seventy-two years of age, buoyant in his feelings, and is, perhaps, the finest workman in this line to be found in the State—besides being one of the most effective political stumpers in the Valley.

ENCOURAGEMENT TO AMERICAN TALENT.—Three Hundred Dollars has been offered by the proprietors of the Sunday School Times of Philadelphia, to the author who will furnish the best original story for publication in the columns of their paper. As this is more than three times the amount usually paid for such an effort, the proposition will be likely to call out some of the best American writers. In due time the readers of that excellent weekly journal will reap the benefits of this story, and we advise those who desire a good and interesting paper for their family, to send for a sample copy which will be furnished free on application.

Brevet Brigadier General G. N. Morgan—a noble soldier—died at Minneapolis a few days since. Gen. Morgan entered the service at the breaking out of the rebellion, and went out as Captain of company E, First Minnesota regiment. He died of disease contracted on the Peninsula.

THE LADY'S FRIEND.—"Harvest time"—the harvest time of life as well as of the season—is the appropriate steel engraving of the August number of this beautiful periodical. The steel fashion plate, the wood cuts illustrating "Street Arabs," and the latest fashions, are all gems as usual. The music and the literary contributions are replete with beauty and interest.

The Owatonna Plaindealer says that the Winona and St. Peter railroad have six miles of track laid west of Kasson, and that the Minnesota Central will commence laying track south of Faribault the coming week. The Plaindealer thinks the Winona road will be the first to reach Owatonna.

—Mr. Bommer, the proprietor of the New York Ledger, has returned an income for the past year of \$165,000.65. This is doing pretty well for a newspaper man.

—Four men who had committed some crimes and were being pursued by officers of the law near Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, recently took shelter under a tree during a thunder storm, when all four were struck by lightning and instantly killed. Strange to say, the tree was untouched by the fluid at any rate exhibited no traces of it, while the ground was torn up for several feet around.

FAME!—It is the flower of a day that dies when the next sun rises. But to do something, however little, to free men from their chains, to aid something however faintly, the rights of reason and of truth, to be vanquished through all against all, these may bring one nearer the pure ambitious truth.

When orient morn, cloudless moon and gorgeous sunset shine no more through the stained window of the soul, barred, and bolted, and shuttered forever from the cheerful day, celestial stars come out one by one and twinkle in the spirits' sky, eternal lamps are hung along the soul's vaulted halls cheering the depths of its caverned gloom.

GO AND HEAR MURDOCH TO-MORROW NIGHT

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

\$2,000 A YEAR made by any one with \$15. The Presidents, Cashiers and Treasurers of 3 Banks endorse the circular. Sent free with samples. Ask the American Stencil Tool Works, Springfield, Vermont.—n47-3m.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage deed made and executed by Henry McKenty, mortgagor, and Horace P. Bradley, mortgagee, dated July 31, A. D. 1855, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in, and for the county of Washington and State of Minnesota, on the 6th day of August, A. D. 1855, at 12 o'clock P. M. in book B of mortgages, pages 324 and 325, upon which mortgage there is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred and twenty-four dollars and ninety-three cents (\$924.93) over and above the sum of thirty-three dollars and thirty-three cents, which was paid and endorsed on said mortgage September 12, 1863, and exclusive of the interest paid thereon for the years 1856 and 1857, and whereas, the lands and premises in said mortgage described and thereby conveyed, are described as follows, to-wit:

The north-west quarter of south-west quarter of section number three (3), the north half of the south-east quarter of section number four (4), the east half of the north-west quarter and the south-west quarter of the north-west quarter of section number nine (9), and the west half of the north-west quarter, and the north-east quarter of north-west quarter of section number eleven (11), all in township number thirty (30) north of range number twenty-one (21) west, the fourth principal meridian, containing altogether, according to Government survey, three hundred and sixty (360) acres more or less—all of the above described lands and premises being situated in said county of Washington in the State of Minnesota;

And whereas, the said Horace P. Bradley has paid the taxes due and assessed on the above described lands and premises prior to this date, amounting in the aggregate to the sum of two hundred and thirty dollars and forty cents;

And whereas, no proceedings at law or otherwise have been instituted to recover the said debt in said mortgage secured, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and duly recorded, thereon, and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgaged premises, above described, will be sold at public vendue to the highest bidder, at the front door of the office of Register of Deeds, in the city of Stillwater, in said Washington county, on the 10th day of September, A. D. 1866, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day to satisfy the amount above said together with the costs and disbursements of said sale, and also the said further sum of two hundred and thirty dollars and forty-six cents, which said mortgagee has paid for taxes on said land.

HORACE P. BRADLEY,
Mortgagee.

C. H. STROBBER, Att'y for Mortgagee.
Dated this 12th day of July, A. D. 1866.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage deed, executed by Henry McKenty and Johnna D. McKenty his wife, mortgagors to Horace P. Bradley, mortgagee, dated September 12, 1856, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the county of Washington, Minnesota, on the 3d day of November, A. D. 1857 at 11 o'clock A. M. in book C of mortgages page 771, upon which mortgage there is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice, the sum of eight hundred ninety (\$890) dollars and eighty-two cents, over and above the sum of thirty-three dollars and thirty-four cents which was paid and endorsed on said mortgage, September 12, 1863, and exclusive of the interest which was paid thereon for the year 1857;

And no proceedings at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the said debt by said mortgage secured, or any part thereof;

And whereas, the lands and premises in said mortgage described and thereby conveyed are described as follows, to-wit:

The south-west quarter of the south-west quarter of section two (2), the south-west quarter of the south-east quarter, and the north-east quarter of the north-east quarter of section four (4) all in township number thirty (30) north of range number twenty-one (21) west of the fourth principal meridian, containing altogether, according to the Government survey, one hundred and twenty-nine and eighty-six hundredths (129.86) acres, all of the above described land and premises being in the said county of Washington, State of Minnesota.

And, whereas, the said Horace P. Bradley has paid the taxes due and assessed on the above described lands and premises to the amount of one hundred and seventy dollars and eighty-five cents (\$170.85).

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and duly recorded thereon, and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgaged premises above described will be sold at public vendue to the highest bidder, at the front door of the office of the Register of Deeds, in Stillwater, in said county of Washington, on the

FOR SALE—CITY PROPERTY.

Lots Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 & 5 in block 36; lots Nos. 4 & 5 in block 37; and lots Nos. 1, 2, 3 & 4 in block 38, in the original plat of the town of Stillwater. The lots in blocks 36 & 37 are near the 2d Presbyterian Church, and those in block 38 near the residence of Edward Capron, Esq.

Also two 5-acre lots—one of them situated immediately north of and adjoining the residence of Thos. J. York, Esq.; the other adjoining a certain field of land on Court House Hill, owned by Thatcher Blake, Esq.

Also a tract of land about 375 feet wide by 600 feet deep, adjoining the last-mentioned 5-acre lot on the east.

For further description and terms refer to plot, and inquire of Major Abraham Van Vorhes.

August 1, 1866.—n47

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF

Washington, ss.—In Probate Court.—In the matter of the estate of Louis Hill, late of the county of Washington, State of Minnesota, deceased.

Upon reading and filing the petition of Elisee Niemi, one of the heirs at law of the said Louis Hill, late of said Washington county deceased, praying that letters of administration may issue to said Elisee Niemi, Esq., upon the estate of the said Louis Hill, deceased.

It is ordered that said application be heard and determined before me at my office in the city of Stillwater, in said county, on the 30th day of August next, at 10 o'clock A. M. of that day.

And it is further ordered that notice of said application and hearing be given to all persons interested in said estate, by publishing a copy of this order for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the Stillwater Messenger, a weekly newspaper published in said county of Washington.

H. R. MURDOCK, Judge of Probate.
Dated, Stillwater, July 30, 1866.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

The valuable farm, 3 miles from Stillwater, on the St. Paul road, known as the "Crosier Farm," is now offered for sale. The farm embraces 100 acres—60 acres under the highest state of cultivation, the balance well timbered and watered with never-failing and beautiful lakes. There is a neat and substantially built frame cottage dwelling-house, an excellent frame barn, granary and other out-buildings on the premises, together with choice shrubbery and a large variety of fruit trees, grapes, &c., in bearing condition, rendering it one of the most desirable pieces of property in Washington county. Failing health and a change of business are the only inducements to place the property in market. Enquire on the premises.

WM. CROSSLER.

July 25, 1866.—2m.

QUARTERLY REPORT

OF THE—
First National Bank
OF STILLWATER,
On Monday, July 2, 1866

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	\$2,092.21
Over drafts	1,072.94
Banking House, Furniture, &c.	3,000.00
County and City orders and U. S. Revenue stamps	1,215.02
Premiums	1,380.00
Due from Banks and Bankers	83,292.84
U. S. Bonds	60,200.00
7-80s and local bonds	7,671.80
Cash on hand—National and State	4,430.00
Currency	28,044.00
Legal tenders	2,550.00
Compound Int. Notes	2,550.00
Total	\$142,800.81

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	\$50,000.00
Surplus	2,587.00
Circulation	35,000.00
Deposits	146,176.36
Due Banks and Bankers	2,045.45
Total	\$235,808.81

STATE OF MINNESOTA,

COUNTY OF WASHINGTON, ss.

I, O. R. ELLIS, Cashier of the First National Bank of Stillwater, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Sworn to and subscribed before me

[Stamp.] This 3d day of July, 1866.

A. C. LULL, Notary Public.

"Don't be Foolish."—You can make Six Dollars from Fifty Cents! Call and examine an invention urgently needed by every body. Or a sample sent free by mail for 50 cents that returns easily for \$5. by R. D. Wolcott, 170 Chatham Square, New York.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

WORTH THE ATTENTION OF HOME MAKERS AND FARMERS, who are in want of business. The well-known House of S. M. Ward & Co., Manufacturing Jewelers, 205 Broadway, N. Y., wish to establish an Agency in every town in the U. S., and in order that the Agent can have a sample to exhibit to their customers, they will send a sample, on the receipt of \$2.00, a genuine Gold Pen (warranted), with Silver Extension Case and Pencil, together with a Wholesale Circular to Agents, and eleven certificates, or a Sample Certificate for 25 cts.

There is no Agent but what can make easily \$5 a day and often \$10.—4p-3m

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

—State of Minnesota

County of Ramsey.—In Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Mary E. Perdue, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue and in pursuance of an order of sale or license made in said matter on the sixteenth day of June A. D. 1866, by the Probate Court of said Ramsey county, the undersigned, executor of the last will and testament of said Mary E. Perdue, deceased, will on the eleventh day of August, A. D. 1866, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, in front of the dwelling house on the premises hereinafter described, in the county of Washington and State of Minnesota, offer for sale and sell at public auction or vendue, the following described real estate, situate in said county of Washington and State of Minnesota, viz:

The west half (w/2) of the north-west quarter (nw/4) and the north-west quarter (nw/4) of the south-west quarter (sw/4), and lots numbered two (2) and three (3) of section six (6) in township twenty-eight (28) north of range twenty-one (21) west, commonly known as the "Tanner Lake Farm," with the dwelling house and improvements thereon.

JACOB H. STEDWELL,

Executor of Mary E. Perdue, deceased.
HENRY J. HON, Att'y of Executor, Saint Paul, Minn.—41
July 14, 1866.

NEWS ITEMS.

The population of St. Louis, according to the census recently taken at that city is 204,827.

The health of Hon. E. B. Washburn has so far recovered that he has been enabled to make a trip to Maine in a revenue cutter, in company with the Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.

Rev. R. H. Gardner, Methodist missionary to freedmen in Kentucky, was mobbed and ducked by men at Georgetown, Ky., on Tuesday last, for preaching to negroes.

Mr. Arthur Peabody, formerly local Editor of the Zanesville Courier, having the good luck to claim the relationship of nephew to the millionaire, George Peabody, that modern Croesus has gratified his nephew with the sum of \$50,000.

Gen. Dix is reported to be exceedingly indignant at his nomination to the Hague, which he avers was without his knowledge or consent, and one that in view of his past and present prominence and public services he cannot accept in self respect.

A colored woman named Pearly Miles died recently at Wayneburg, Chester county, Pa., aged 105 years. She was once the slave of the grand-father of Governor Boardman, of West Virginia, and in 1814 was manumitted by that gentleman "for her faithful services and kindness toward his children."

One of the first votes of Ross, the new Senator from Kansas, was to increase the salary of Senators from \$8,000 to \$5,000 per annum. Ross will serve probably two weeks, all told, for which he will get, by this vote, the sum of \$5,000 and mileage. The genuine radicalism of Ross cannot be questioned.

The Boston Traveller says the shoe factories in the vicinity are most of them running busily, and workmen generally are quite as much to do as they desire at this season. The sales are not large, but it is expected that there will be a marked improvement in a few weeks, when the new Internal Revenue law goes into operation, and there is a reduction in prices on account of the reduction of the manufacturers' tax from five to two per cent.

The income returns for the District of Columbia, show twenty-five persons with incomes between \$10,000 and \$15,000, thirteen between \$15,000 and \$20,000, eight between \$20,000 and \$30,000, and two between \$30,000 and \$40,000. The income of Henry D. Cooke is \$19,385; of G. W. Figg, \$55,251; of W. W. Corcoran, \$20,990; of A. W. Chadwick, Willard's Hotel, \$28,805.

The Portland people are debating what to do with the contributions for the relief of the sufferers by the late fire, which have now become sufficiently large to more than cover the present necessities. There are propositions to divide the surplus pro rata, according to the losses, and also to use it for loans to aid in re-establishing firms in business. It is proposed to apply a portion of the fund to the payment of the loss caused by the failure of the Portland Manufacturing Company, which amounts to \$240,000.

The income of Augustus Hemenway, of Boston, for 1865, was \$220,000. He does not enjoy it, however, being a lunatic. He made his first venture by chance. He was supercargo of a vessel bound from Boston to Buenos Ayres, many years ago. Nearing the latter port they learned that it was blockaded. Changing their course, they went into Valparaiso, sold the cargo of flour for 300 or 400 percent profit, and took in a full load of copper ore, which sold not a single cent, which sold for an immense sum in Boston.

The old proverb that "there is many a slip between the cup and the lip," is likely to be again verified in the case of the great estate which is said to have fallen to Mr. Walker of Hartford, by the death of some distant relative in England. The announcement of this piece of good luck has been pretty extensively advertised in the papers of the United States, and the result has brought to light a long lost brother of Mr. Walker's father, John Church, living near Buffalo, N. Y., who by reason of his priority of birth, claims to have a better title to the property.

An official letter from the Paymaster General to an army officer mustered out at the close of the war, says that the amount due a first lieutenant under the original act of Congress granting three months extra pay, proper, is \$150. The commutation, and allowances are not included in the payment. The amount due other officers is in the same proportion to their rank. By the original act, officers resigning or mustered out for other reasons than their service being no longer required, were not entitled to its benefits. The present act grants to all officers who served until the close of the war.

Gen. Rawlings has issued a call for the first annual meeting of the "Society of the Army of the Tennessee," to be held on the 14th of November, 1865, at Cincinnati, Ohio, for the purpose of perfecting its organization, and the transaction of such other business as may come before it in furtherance of its objects, which are primarily to perpetuate its history, and keep alive that kindly, cordial and social feeling which was one of the characteristics of that army during its eventful career, and which gave it such harmony of action, and contributed in no small degree to its glorious achievements in our country's cause.

The work on the monster man Dunbar is being pushed to completion with the utmost possible rapidity, and as there remains now but little to do, he may be expected to make a trial trip in the course of a few weeks.

A QUEER PROCEEDING.

A Citizen Assails the Police Justice, and is Arrested Therefor.

HABEAS CORPUS—A QUESTION OF JURISDICTION.

From the St. Paul Pioneer of the 31st.

Yesterday morning L. C. Dayton was arraigned before Judge E. Ford, acting City Justice, charged with having assaulted Judge E. C. Lambert on Saturday evening, having been arrested thereat at the time, and been since confined in the city jail. We were unable to find Judge Lambert at his residence on Saturday evening after the occurrence, so as to get from him an authentic statement of the affair, and as the street reports in relation to it were very contradictory and altogether untrue, we waited until we could secure some reliable account of the matter. Judge Lambert's statement is as follows:

On Thursday last week Mr. Dayton was arrested on a charge of assault on Judge Lambert, and was held in the city jail. He was paying the fee, which he afterwards waived, on the ground that the security could be given for the fees also. Judge Lambert decided otherwise.

On Saturday morning, about 6 o'clock, Mr. Dayton met Judge Lambert on Minnesota street, and stopping the latter, accosted him: "I want you to pay me that \$5 you stole from me." Judge Lambert replied: "I never stole \$5 from you, sir. I was passing on, and you said I stole it from you." Dayton replied: "You stole it from me, and I want you to pay me for it." Judge Lambert replied: "You can whip me if you are abundantly able to do so, but you shall not insult me." Mr. Dayton replied to the most abusive language, he spoke, and shook and struck him, after which Mr. Dayton entered his buggy standing near by, and was about to drive off, when Judge Lambert said: "I arrest you for violation of the law. You will have to come with me to the City Jail"—attempting to lead the horse in that direction. Mr. Dayton alighted and endeavored to force him to release his hold of the buggy, but the Judge held on despite blows and curses, until Mr. Dayton was arrested and taken to the lock-up.

Judge Lambert having firmly refused to accept bail for Mr. Dayton, it being after usual hours, Mr. E. C. Palmer and James Smith, Mr. Dayton's attorneys, at once set about securing bail, but Judge Lambert refused to release from the custody of the city jail. Mr. Smith applied to Mr. Armstrong, the clerk of the District Court, for a writ, but Mr. A. declined to issue it, as indeed he could not, under the law. The attorney then applied to Judge Ford, who at once issued a writ of habeas corpus, and Mr. Dayton was released from the custody of the City Jail, and returned to his home, under the supervision of his attorneys, twenty-four hours later.

Finally, at one o'clock Sunday morning Judge Palmer, having awoke Judge Ford of the Supreme Court out of his sleep, per suaded the latter to issue a writ of habeas corpus for the release of Mr. Dayton, and the latter officer was obliged to comply with the request, and Mr. Dayton remained in his custody until Monday morning.

Judge Lambert having notified the Mayor that he would be unable to sit in the case for various reasons, and requested him to appoint a Justice of the Peace to try the case. His Honor wrote under this notification, "Squire Ford—You are appointed to try the above case" and served it on that officer.

Mr. Dayton was arraigned before Squire Ford on yesterday morning, but he declined to plead or recognize him as the City Justice on the ground of no jurisdiction in the case. The defendant was then remanded to the cell again, and his trial set for 12 o'clock.

At 11 o'clock a. m., Mr. Dayton, Mr. Palmer and Mr. Lambert, were in the City Jail, and Mr. Lambert, aware of the writ of habeas corpus before Judge McMillan at his chambers at the Capitol. They were represented by Mr. Heard, City Attorney, and Mr. Flint, District Attorney. Mr. Dayton by his counsel, the return by Mr. Squire Ford, representing that he holds Mr. Dayton by a proper commitment as a jail prisoner charged with that duty.

The counsel for Mr. Dayton objected to the sufficiency of the return, and the matter was argued until 2 o'clock p. m., when the return was adjourned to 3 o'clock when it was again taken up. Lengthy arguments again took place on the sufficiency of the return, and other questions. Squire Ford was called a witness to show that he was acting as City Justice, and his return was produced. The sufficiency of this was called in question, and as the hour was now late and questions had been raised that Judge McMillan desired to examine on his return, the hearing was postponed to this morning.

At 10 o'clock p. m., Mr. Dayton, and the result has brought to light a long lost brother of Mr. Walker's father, John Church, living near Buffalo, N. Y., who by reason of his priority of birth, claims to have a better title to the property.

DURING ROBBERY.

The Safe of G. P. Peabody's Liquor Store Pried Open by Burglars.

ONLY \$10 STOLEN—THE FIRST SAFE ROBBERY THAT HAS OCCURRED IN OUR CITY.

One of the boldest and most ingenious burglaries that ever took place in our city, was perpetrated in the wholesale liquor store of G. P. Peabody, 107 Third street, on Sunday night last.

An investigation showed that it was an ingeniously planned and bold robbery. Burglars had entered through the front door by means of five or six skeleton keys, and proceeded to the counting room, which is next to the street in the upper corner of the store. The safe stands under a desk in the rear of the office, the door of the safe being to the rear of the store, so that the burglar or burglars were perfectly concealed during their operations, even had any one desired to look in at the front windows. There were curtains to these however, and we may presume that they were carefully drawn. If the burglar, therefore, used a dark lantern, as he undoubtedly did, their operations are safe, even if a policeman had peeped into the room every half hour.

The safe was a tolerable good sized one, made by Duryee & Forsyth, Philadelphia. It was probably designed for a fire proof only. The outside shell of iron was only half an inch thick. It was of stout material, but would stand but a feeble chance against the sharp steel chisels of the burglars. There were three bolts to the safe, all operated by the handle or knob. Holes were cut opposite the upper and lower ends, and the bolts passed back, being broken in the operation. Strong steel iron bars and pins must have been used for this, and it was perhaps accomplished with little noise. Charles C. Miles, whose experience in the handling and repairing of safes is his testimony reliable, says the marks on the safe indicate that the burglars were professional cracksmen of the best class of operators, and used tools of the best construction and material. They "understand their business." He emphatically asserts, a fact that should be a warning to our merchants and bankers—they may make some more visits in our city.

On opening the safe, the burglars met with a poor reward for their pains. Only some fifty dollars in cash were found in the cash drawer containing papers was piled open, and every paper overhauled, in the hopes, perhaps, of finding bonds. Some checks and drafts were examined, but thrown down as worthless. The burglars then went to the rear of the store, drank Mr. Peabody's best champagne, in a couple of bottles of his best champagne, and retreated out of the front door.

The police and special detectives were busy yesterday in working up the case. Suspicious are directed at certain parties now living in the city, who it is thought the burglars have already left the city.

This bold robbery shows that our business men must be on their guard, as there are undoubtedly first class cracksmen in our midst, and these whose raids are unwatched may result in a visit. A burglar who was well acquainted with Mr. Peabody's safe, and who had been over the safe several times, was the one who was the cause of the robbery.

THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

The Cable Successfully Laid—Constant and Uninterrupted Communication with Europe—Particulars of the Voyage—Congratulatory Dispatches.

New York, July 29. A. M.—The following dispatch has just been received from Cyrus W. Field:

HEART'S CONTENT, July 28.—We arrived here at the cable this morning, all hands and the cable in perfect order. The cable is in perfect working order. (Signed) Cyrus W. Field.

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HEART'S CONTENT, July 28.—England and America are again united by telegraph. The cable is in perfect order. The cable is in perfect working order. (Signed) Cyrus W. Field.

HEART'S CONTENT, July 28.—The Great Eastern left Southampton on Saturday at noon, and arrived at Bar Harbor on Thursday at 10 o'clock. The cable is in perfect order. The cable is in perfect working order. (Signed) Cyrus W. Field.

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YOUTHFUL ELOPEMENT.

A Difficulty Overcome and a Marriage Accomplished.

From the St. Louis Republic, July 24.

A somewhat curious case of elopement and youthful marriage was reported about town yesterday, the facts of which are said to be as follows: On Wednesday last a young girl named Mary, fourteen years of age, of respectable parents in the city, went to Concordia Park with her brother. When wondering about the park, they met perhaps accidentally, a lover of Mary's who is said, notwithstanding a common-sounding name, to be an Italian, and to be gifted with those soft musical tones and passionate glances peculiar to Italian sons. Between Mary and this young man it is said, a deep and passionate affection has existed for some time past, and they had determined to unite their lots in spite of the exceedingly unfavorable reception of the suit by Mary's friends and parents.

Their meeting at the park was doubtless pre-arranged. Waiting for an opportunity when her brother was engaged some where, Mary and her lover slipped away unobserved, and so made their escape. The first step was to arrange about an immediate marriage. To this end they called on a certain legal gentleman to obtain advice as to circumventing the serious obstacle of Miss Mary's age. The consent of parents was out of the question; so the difficulty was to be able to answer the Justice when the question was asked the youthful hide, "What is your age?"

In this dilemma the ingenuity and astuteness of law came to the assistance of the confused intellect of the loving couple taking small pieces of paper, the lawyer wrote thereon the number eight, and handed it to the observant eye, saying, "Put this in your shoe under the sole of your foot, and when the Justice asks 'how old are you?' reply, 'I am sixteen years and eight months.'" A dawn of light broke over the young maiden as she perceived the aptness of the expedient, and how, if necessary, she might swear upon her soul she was over eighteen. Armed with this legal invention, they visited the Justice's office, and were without difficulty united in the bonds of holy wedlock and went on their way rejoicing.

The girl's friends are said to be highly disgusted with the marriage, as they have a very low estimate of the young man, and are seeking to annul the marriage as soon as possible. In the mean time the youthful couple, having taken rooms in a building on St. Charles street, have ascended to the third story, and are in the enjoyment of a blissful life.

From the Mayor of New York to the Mayor of London.

The energy and genius of man, directed by the Providence of God, have united the continents of the world by a single line. This is the Atlantic cable, and it is the greatest achievement of the human mind. It is the greatest achievement of the human mind. It is the greatest achievement of the human mind.

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The energy and genius of man, directed by the

The Stillwater Messenger.

A. J. VAN VORHES,
Editor and Proprietor.

VOLUME 10.

"BE JUST AND FEAR NOT."

STILLWATER, MINNESOTA, AUGUST 8, 1866.

TERMS—\$2.00 A YEAR
In Advance.

NUMBER 48.

[Continued from fourth page.]

having all the points perfect. The Devons are rivals to the Ayrshires, and will be an honor to any family.

Either of these will do, or even a "native," though these are the ugliest of all cows—pitched round, crumpled and disfigured, and sometimes vicious, sometimes very docile, varying much in all the points of a good and bad cow. You must run your risk with a native cow. But when you get a good cow, of whatever breed, then abide by it. Get a gentle one, and she will not be worried by dogs; she will not trouble you or the neighbors either. You will sleep content for all Brindle will do—for she is intelligent, and knows what you want, and does it to please you and mother that takes care of her—of this other mother, as the cow is. You get an affection for such a cow, and that is a great benefit. You will then treat her well, and she will treat back in return. Such a cow, of course you will not part with, for you could not dispense with even her company, to say nothing of the immense amount of milk, the real stuff and sinew of the family, that she gives you. We have experienced these things, and we know how to appreciate such a cow. *—Wm. Crossler.*

STILLWATER MESSENGER

Wednesday, August 8, 1866.

Our Saint Croix Mails.

The following communications from Hon. Ignatius Donnelly and the Second Assistant Postmaster General, together with a note from the Postmaster at this place embracing a schedule furnished the Department by him, will straighten out the postal complications north of this city, and will no doubt prove satisfactory to the people of the Valley. Mr. Donnelly has been indefatigable in his exertions to secure for the Valley the increase of service so much desired; while the Department has manifested a disposition to extend to our people all that could be done not inconsistent with the interests of that branch of the Government.

LETTER FROM MR. DONNELLY.

WASHINGTON, July 26, 1866.

Hon. A. J. VAN VORHES—Editor *Stillwater Messenger*:—
DEAR SIR:—The enclosed letter from the Post Office Department is in answer to the petition which you sent me some time since.

By this it appears:

1. That you will have a mail six times per week, during the winter, by stage.

2. That you will have a mail six times per week during the summer; on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, by stage; and on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday by boat.

3. If the boat does not, on account of low water, or for any other cause, faithfully perform its contract, the contractor will be compelled to carry the mail by stage.

I hope this result, equivalent to a mail six times per week all the year round, will be satisfactory to the people of the St. Croix Valley.

I have the honor to be,
Truly yours,
I. DONNELLY.

LETTER FROM THE STILLWATER POSTMASTER.

GENERAL.

Post Office Department,
Contract Office,
Washington July 26, 1866.

Sir—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt through you, of petitions of citizens of the St. Croix Valley, requesting an increase of mail service on route No. 13614—Stillwater to Falls of St. Croix—from three to six times a week, and to state that the matter will receive due attention. Three additional trips a week during winter will be ordered on that route in due time, and the Postmaster at Stillwater has been written to in regard to a change of schedule on route No. 13614—Falls of St. Croix—so as to have carriers leave Stillwater going north on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, on arrival of mails from St. Paul—trips up on NA 13614 being made on Monday, Wednesday and Friday—

with instructions to change at once if contractors can do it.

As the contract for mail service on route No. 13614 is "by steamboat or otherwise," in times of low water when the service cannot be made in boats, the contractors will be required to perform the service in some other manner.

Very respectfully,
Geo. W. McLELLAN,
Second Asst. P. M. General.

Hon. I. Donnelly.

LETTER FROM THE STILLWATER POSTMASTER.

Post Office,
Stillwater, Minn., Aug. 6, 1866.

Capt. A. J. Van Vorhes:

DEAR SIR:—The following is a transcript of the schedule of arrivals and departures of mails on route No. 13614, which I this day forwarded to the Second Assistant Postmaster:

General, as per his request:

Leave Prescott Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 7 A. M.
Arrive at Stillwater do do do by 10 A. M.
Leave Stillwater do do do by 12 M. P. M.
(on arrival of mail from St. Paul.)
Arrive at Falls of St. Croix Tue. Thurs. and Sat. 7 A. M.
Leave Falls of St. Croix Mon. Wednes. and Frid. 7 A. M.
Arrive at Stillwater do do do by 1 P. M.
Leave Stillwater do do do by 1 P. M.
Arrive at Prescott do do do by 7 P. M.

Should the above schedule be adopted by the P. O. Department, we shall then have daily mail to and from Falls St. Croix which will connect with the mail to and from Saint Paul, during the time mail is carried on route No. 13618, and should the Department order three additional trips a week from Nov. 15 to April 15 on route No. 13614, we shall have daily service all the time.

Very truly yours,
H. DWIGHT CUTLER, P.M.

A Foolish Virgin.

TOM. GALBRAITH—A former Republican, whom we have ever esteemed—has consented to be attached to the tail end of the "delegates at large" to the Philadelphia Copperhead Convention—the tail to a very small and uncertain kite. Does he hope through his unnatural associations, to draw lactical nourishment from the barren bosom of Andrew Johnson? He had much better "be a toad, and feed upon the vapors of a dungeon," than thus sacrifice honor, friends who have loved him, and his former good name.

Oh, Thomas, Thomas—*"doubting Oh!"*—how often would I have gathered you together as a hen gathered her brood under her wings, but you would not. Verily, verily I say unto you, Thomas, it would have been better that a mill-stone were hanged about your neck, and you were cast into the sea, than to thus have betrayed your first love. It would have been better for you never to have had an Indian Agency under President Lincoln—yes, to have "entered into life maimed, than to have two hands and a clear conscience, and then go into hell, into the fire that never shall be quenched, where the worm dieth not," in company with Brishin, and Heard, and Robertson, and Vallandigham, and Jeff. Davis, and Dan Norton, and Bill Shelly! Thomas!—we agonize in your behalf!

Happening in St. Paul the morning after the convention held in Brishin's law office for the appointment of delegates to the Copperhead convention, we saw our old friend at an early hour sitting upon one of the lamp-posts opposite the *Pioneer* office, the very personification of "Patience sitting on a monument." He was weeping and talking incoherently to himself. Struck by the earnestness of his manner, and the evident agony of his soul, we jotted down a few of his utterances. With bowed head and distorted countenance, he exclaimed—

"Remember, O Andrew, what is come upon me: consider and behold my reproach."

"My inheritance is this day turned to strangers, my houses to aliens, and Thomas is sold!—yes, sold!"

"I am as an orphan; my children run wild upon the plains of the far west, and there is no good thing in me!"

"My neck is under persecution and deception. I have labored and made myself as one of thy asses, and yet thou hast given me not even one feed of oats."

"I have given my right hand to the Egyptians and my soul to the Rebels to be satisfied with bread, but nary a crumb has fallen from my master's table."

"Since I took that fatal step last night, the rebel leaders have withdrawn their overtures of false promises, and the young bucks of the camp go about crying 'ah, ha! ah, ha!'"

"The joy of my heart is ceased. My dance is turned into mourning—prospects of jangling dollars have turned into husks and straw."

"The crown is fallen from my head: woe unto me that I have sinned!"

And then espousing one of the Republican Congressional aspirants afar off, he cried with a loud voice, saying—"How many hired servants of my friends have bread enough and to spare, and I perish with hunger and remorse! I will arise and go to my friends and say unto them, I have sinned against heaven and before thee, and am no more worthy to be called thy son: make me as one of thy hired servants." And he arose. Go, Thomas, and sin no more!

The Itah is a very unpleasant and disagreeable disease, but the best of people have it, and when they wish to be speedily cured they use Parry's Itch Ointment, a few applications of which cure the worst cases. *—Wabasha Herald.*

Try it on, my boy—try it on, and stop your eternal scratching.

LOCAL NEWS.

For terms of advertising see fourth page.

City Marshal.

Lieut. May resigned his position as City Marshal a short time since; and while, in common with all of our citizens, we regret to lose the services of such an efficient officer, we feel like congratulating our city council upon the appointment of Deputy Marshal Keefe as Lieut. May's successor. Mr. Keefe will no doubt make an efficient officer.

FINE RAINS.—

During the past three days we have been having numerous and copious showers of rain. While these showers have interfered somewhat with harvesting operations, they will prove of great benefit to the later crops.

OPENING OF THIRD STREET.—

An important order for the opening of Third street, south of Olive, will be found in to-day's paper, in which property owners on either side of Third street will be particularly interested.

MANION HOUSE.—

We take pleasure in inviting attention to the card of the Mansion House, St. Paul. Under the management of Charles Etter, the Mansion is acquiring a well merited popularity. The House having been repaired and newly furnished throughout, it is becoming a favorite resort with many of our citizens. The House being located on the corner of Wabasha and Fifth streets, it is quite convenient to the business portions of the city.

RIVER RAISING.—

The late rains have had a perceptible effect upon the St. Croix—the river having already swelled several inches. We infer that at last there have been copious showers north of us—a luxury that has only been enjoyed semi-occasionally during the past summer.

ROBERT HOUDIN.—

This remarkable performer of magical delusions—will be seen by the bills and posters about town—proposes to give two of his entertainments in this city on Monday and Tuesday evenings next. Wherever Mr. Houdin has appeared, he has won encomiums from the press and the people. His is no ordinary entertainment, but consists of a series of beautiful experiments done in apparent violation of physical laws, and that too, amid the audience, or upon the naked stage, without the aid of apparatus. From what we have seen in our exchanges we think we can in safety commend this coming entertainment to our citizens as of the highest order of excellence, and one which it will pay them to patronize liberally.

Murdoch's Readings.

James E. Murdoch was greeted last Thursday evening by a large and intelligent audience. Expectation was high, and he may not have reached the standard erected in the minds of some of his hearers; yet the performance was of the highest character of excellence, and all went away fully satisfied. Mr. Murdoch is certainly one of the greatest Elocutionists of the age, and whenever he visits the city hereafter, he will find hosts of admirers to welcome him.

Aside from furnishing our citizens with a rare entertainment, we are glad to know that after all expenses, the Library Association netted a small profit from the proceeds.

Returned to the Mire!

After a year's voyage as a sound Union journal, the *Pioneer* has again changed hands and sloughed back into the mire of Johnson-Davis politics.

Aside from its political proclivities, the *Pioneer* has always been a good newspaper—conducted with marked ability and energy. Under the new proprietorship, we predict for it a similar career of prosperity, and can certainly wish our new friends success in every thing except the promulgation of disloyal doctrines. The party will now have a local organ to swear by. During the past year they could only swear by the old odor of their machine. They now say it has about it the same old stuff—brimstone—rectified brimstone!

Religious.—

The Universalists of this place effected a re-organization of their Society last Sabbath—Elisha Brown, President; George Davis Secretary and Treasurer; E. W. Durant, Edward Capron and Socrates Nelson, Trustees. Rev. Mr. Bowen supplies the desk at present.

PERSONAL.—

We had the pleasure of a call a few days since from Gen. L. F. Hubbard and Col. Wm. Colville. The General shows the effects of a Southern campaign upon his general health, while the Colonel carries with him—and always will—terrible wounds received while in the army of the Potomac. It is refreshing to meet with such gallant soldiers.

A lady fixed the following letters in the bottom of a flour barrel, and asked her husband to read them—O-I-C-U-R-M-T.

See interesting agricultural matter on fourth page.

CONVENTION, at

Congressional convention for the First Minnesota district has been called to meet on the 20th of September.

TEACHERS' CONVENTION.—

The State Teacher's Association will hold its annual meeting at Faribault on the 29th and 30th of August. Among the speakers, we notice the name of Mrs. M. M. Burdick, of this city. Theme—"Order and proportion in which the different branches of study should be pursued."

CORRECTION.—

We omitted to correct in our last a typographical error in the communication of Auditor Lehmickie of the 25th, which occurred in a portion of our edition. The item of office rent—in the expense of our county for want of suitable buildings—should have read "\$375.00" instead of "\$275.00."

Just so.—An Editor in speaking of the complaints of readers that he don't publish all the local items that they desire to see justly observes that it is often their own fault in not sending the facts. He says he don't like to publish a birth after the child is waned, a marriage after the honeymoon is over, or the death of a man after his widow is married again.

GAME.—

Our sportsmen are having rare amusement bringing down the young chickens. It is represented that the harvest is scarce, but the laborers unusually plenty.

T. M. Perry, senior editor of the *St. Peter Statesman*, died in that city a few days ago.

A LARGE SALE.—

We learn that some six million feet of logs were contracted for last week, to be delivered next season at a mill on the St. Croix. The price was seventeen dollars per thousand feet, with an advance of \$50,000 cash paid on the spot. We learn that the logs are already cut, but are hung up by dry water. *—Minneapolis Chronicle, 4th.*

WHAT A GOOD HOTEL WILL ACCOMPLISH.—

Our city has never been so much thronged with strangers—seekers after health, pleasure and business—as during the past summer. The Sawyer House has been crowded to repletion, while the other hotels and private boarding houses have been well patronized. Good hotels—like wide-awake newspapers give character to a town, and when the hosts of sojourners leave for their homes, they will entertain many lively recollections of the Sawyer and of our people. Next season the rush will be much greater than the present.

An Anecdote of Daniel Webster.

The following anecdote is good enough for a second reading, if any one has chance to meet with it before.

When Daniel Webster was delivering his memorable speech at the dedication of Bunker Hill Monument, the crowd pressed forward to such an extent that some were fainting and some crushed. Officers strove in vain to make the crowd stand back. They said it could not be done. Some one asked Mr. Webster to make an appeal to them. The great orator came forward, stretched forth his hand, and said, in deep, stentorian tones, "Gentlemen, stand back!" "It cannot be done," they shouted. "Gentlemen, stand back," said he, without a change of voice. "It is impossible," Mr. Webster, "impossible!" "Impossible?" repeated Mr. Webster, "impossible?" "Nothing is impossible on Bunker Hill!" and the vast crowd away, and rolled back like a mighty wave of the ocean.

Fate of Lieutenant John A. Moulton.

Lieutenant John A. Moulton, referred to in the following from a late Springfield, Mass. paper, entered the service as a sergeant in Capt. John Kettney's company of the Seventh Regiment. He resided, before the war, in this city, near Point Douglas. His battery is one of the many horrible deeds committed by the men who are now demanding full participation in the national government, and the right of each in Louisiana, to cast two votes against a loyal man's one in Minnesota.

"About one mile below the fortifications at Port Hudson there is a small stockade built by Federal authority to protect a saw mill on the left bank of the Mississippi. In the spring of 1864 a guard of fifteen or twenty men was stationed at this stockade, being relieved daily. Lieut. Moulton, of the 67th U. S. C. Infantry, with a guard of seventeen men, was on duty there May 13th. At daylight, May 14th, an attack was made by 'our Southern brethren' on the guard; three men were killed and three wounded, while the lieutenant and some of the men were taken prisoners. Col. Edgerton, then commanding the 47th is now in command of the post at Baton Rouge, some twenty miles below Port Hudson. Since the close of the war he has been able to learn the fate of Lieut. Moulton. In a letter received from him this morning, he says: 'The rebels say he fought gallantly with his seventeen men against three hundred of them, and killed three rebels, and only gave way when the artillery opened upon them. He was taken out about twenty miles and told to prepare for death, and after appealing in vain to the rebel Colonel, he was told to say his prayers. One of the rebel soldiers afterwards said he made the most fervent prayer he ever heard. He prayed first for his country, and then for his lonely widowed mother. Some of the rebel guard were so touched in their emotions that they could not refrain from tears. He then stepped boldly forward and said to his murderers, 'I am now ready.' He was shot, and his body was left to be eaten by ravenous buzzards; and all this because he was an officer of colored troops. The rebels held a grand meeting near this same spot on the 26th of April last, and their ladies (3) put laurels on the graves of the rebel dead, but there was none for the heroic martyr, Lieutenant Moulton of the 67th.'"

Lieut. Moulton was formerly a member of the Third Minnesota regiment, and as such, was an occasional correspondent of the *Messenger*, over the signature of "M." Colonel Edgerton, who furnishes the foregoing particulars, is a Minnesotan, and was formerly District Judge of the Mankato district and a prominent Democrat politician.

Such is the barbarism of slavery. Such is the spirit that brought about the late terrible war. Such is the spirit that a few days since induced the murder of hundreds of American citizens in New Orleans and Memphis, and winked at and encouraged by President Johnson. Such is the spirit prevailing many portions of the South to-day, encouraged and emboldened by sympathizers in the North.

The war is not yet over. When assassination took from us Abraham Lincoln, a mysterious Providence gave us Andrew Johnson and re-delegated the country in prospective bloodshed. We trust that the half million men of the grand army of the Republic will keep their arms bristled for the impending crisis. That which has been won at so great a sacrifice must not be lost through the perfidy of one man and his perfidious agents.

While the whipped and conquered rebels were murdering Lieut. Moulton and hundreds of others at New Orleans and Memphis, scores of Southerners—rebel officers and others—were, and have since been, enjoying the quiet pleasures and hospitalities of citizens of this city. They have not been molested in the enjoyment of civil rights. They have been treated with courtesy and kindness. The proceedings at New Orleans illustrate an intensified barbarism—the action of our citizens a refined civilization.

MANSION HOUSE,

Cornet Wabasha and Fifth streets,
SAINT PAUL, MINN.

Chas. H. Etter, Proprietor.

NOTICE TO GRADE.

To Churchill & Nelson, Brewster G. Easton, Samuel F. Hersey, Charles Graves, Charles McKillien, J. C. Rhodes, L. R. Corman, A. M. Dodd, Wm. William, Joseph Schupp, Benjamin Blinn, B. F. Rowell, James M. Jackson, Elizabeth M. Churchill, Wm. G. Gibson, Wm. Holcombe, John Montgomery, A. C. Penick, Morgan & Jordan, Patrick McKee, M. L. Benley, John O'Neil, John Brown, John Elmer, Jacob Callenbach, Geo. Walton, Elizabeth Geisel, Geo. Bragg, Jacob Crook, Paul tenberg, and all other persons owning lots or lands fronting on the following named streets in the city of Stillwater, to wit:—On Third street, south of the north line of lot No. 17 in block 35, on Locust street from junction of

Third street to intersection of Goodhue street in Churchill, Nelson & Slaughter's Addition,

from thence on Goodhue street to Fifth street, thence south on Fifth street to Churchill street, thence west on Churchill street to intersection of Fenwick street in Holcombe's Addition, thence west on Fenwick street to Smith street, thence south on Smith street to Anderson street, thence west on Anderson street to Waverly Row, thence south on Western Row to the south line of Holcombe's Addition.—

You and each of you are hereby notified to open and grade said streets to the width of twelve and one-half feet along the center thereof in front of your respective lots or lands, in accordance with the survey and estimate of H. C. Shepard, Esq., on file with the Recorder, and have the same completed on or before the fifteenth day of September, 1866. In case of neglect or refusal to do the same within the time and manner specified, the City Council will enter into contract for doing the same, and assess the costs thereof to your respective lots and lands.

Parties desiring themselves aggrieved by the foregoing order will remonstrate to the City Council in writing, setting forth their reasons within ten days after the publication of this order, as required by section 10 of chapter 4 of the City Charter.

Done by order of the City Council, August 6, 1866.

A. K. DOE, Recorder.

Stillwater, Aug. 7, 1866.—2

Notice to Lumbermen!

STATE LAND OFFICE,
Saint Paul, Minn., July 20, 1866.

Notice is hereby given that the right to cut pine timber on the following School Lands, during the ensuing season, will be offered at public sale, at the office of the Surveyor-General of logs and lumber, in the town of Stillwater, on Saturday, the 8th day of September, 1866, at 11 o'clock A. M. viz:

Sec. Town. Range. Minimum price per 1000 feet.

16 36 21 \$1 00

16 36 22 2 00

16 36 23 2 50

16 36 24 2 00

16 36 25 2 50

16 36 26 2 00

16 36 27 2 50

16 36 28 2 00

16 36 29 2 50

16 36 30 2 00

16 36 31 2 50

16 36 32 2 00

16 36 33 2 50

16 36 34 2 00

16 36 35 2 50

16 36 36 2 00

16 36 37 2 50

16 36 38 2 00

16 36 39 2 50

16 36 40 2 00

16 36 41 2 50

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16 36 84 2 00

Agricultural Column.

MANAGEMENT OF WORKING OXEN.

It is not so much hard labor that heats oxen and makes them loll in warm weather, as the ill treatment of rough and abusive drivers. Treat them with gentleness when at work; feed them well and regularly three times a day, with water sprinkled with lime, and let them have clean water as often as they are fed, and not require them to drink that which is impure or stagnant; give them at least two hours after feeding to chew the cud and rest, and they will perform a vast amount of hard work and increase in flesh at the same time, and will usually be found to be more convenient for many purposes than horses. Let it be reiterated that it is not the hard labor that oxen perform that exhausts their energies. Oxen were made for hard service, and if treated kindly and carefully they will labor hard every day, and still grow fat. But when a stinted allowance of poor hay and meek, worried and abused by a bawling, ill-natured driver, who incessantly applies the lash or goad, and dragged out by carrying on their necks a huge cart tongue from morning till night, their strength fails, and sensible people are led to conclude that they cannot stand the heat like a horse.

EARLY HAYING.

We notice that some practical farmers, whose experience covers the experience of many years, give it as their opinion that much is lost annually by not commencing the haying season early enough. It is as settled, too, that customarily a large portion of the nutritive properties of the grass is lost by over-drying the hay in the sun before putting it into mow or stack. They are doubtless right in both of these assumptions. The natural juice of the grass should be retained as far as practicable, but this cannot be done if the grass is allowed to become dead-ripe before being cut, or is suffered to be scorched to death in the process of curing. If no rain intervenes between a time of cutting and taking the hay to shelter, very little exposure to the sun will be necessary. Placed in cocks, soon after cutting, and left to stand a day or two, will be ample process of curing. The hay will be much more nutritive than if dried to a crisp.

HOW TO PRODUCE EGGS.

A hen is a perfect machine, which, if cared for as should be, and kept in comfortable quarters and fed with care, will produce eggs in spite of herself. If as a rule a hen is kept clean (for nothing enjoys cleanliness more than a hen) and furnished a supply of grain, meat and vegetables, she will produce the egg which she has gotten to lay or die. Take away the flesh or vegetables and the small grain, and your hens will cease to lay and become fat. Corn in itself has less of the properties which make the egg than any of the smaller grains which we raise. Rye, wheat, barley and buckwheat are best for eggs.

MULES VS. HORSES.

In the warm latitudes the mule will perform labor that would kill a horse, while in the temperate he is superior to the horse as a drudge. His cost of keeping is not more than half that of a horse, while his years of labor are more than twice as many. The longevity of the mule is well known. A gentleman visiting in the West, India saw a mule at the age of forty years. Owing to their hardiness and cheapness of keeping, they are becoming great favorites on the rice and cotton plantations of the South and West. So far back as 1850 there were 65,000 of these animals in the State of Kentucky.

AMERICAN CHEESE IN ENGLAND.

In a communication which the secretary of the American dairymen's association has lately received from Messrs. Corderoy & Co., London cheese mongers—are contained the following suggestions which may be of interest to dairymen:—
The defects in cheese do not always arise from error in the manufacture, but from atmospheric changes or the heat of the voyage. As a rule, we think American cheese should be shipped a little under ripe, as flavor is a great desideratum here, and there is but little chance of any sort that can be held long over without becoming somewhat strong. We also like cheese to be of a rich silky grain, and of a nice straw color; a deep shade of color is an objection.
Quality is now the test of appreciation on the part of consumers, and the cheese made in your country has more nearly approached the price of our own make this season than in any former one, and we may quite hope with the enterprise exhibited on your side, and the determination to produce a very fine article that your factory dairies will take a high rank in this market.

THE COW IN THE FAMILY.

If you have means, and wish to live pleasantly, get you an Alderney cow. She will make the richest and sweetest cream and butter, and of course, milk, of any. They are worth having, these little docile, quiet animals, seeming more like members of the family than any thing else, though apt to be misshapen, brindled or spotted, and pale at that—thin necks like deer, and heads the same, but very gentle—different from all other cows. Next to the Alderney for milk, and giving more but not so rich, is the Ayrshire, a most noble breed for the dairy, and most excellent in the family. There is more pride to be gratified in such a cow. She is sleek and round, and most beautifully formed.

THE STILLWATER MESSENGER.

ESTABLISHED BY THE PRESENT PROPRIETOR SEPTEMBER 10, 1864.

A. J. VAN VORHES, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Terms.—Two Dollars a Year, invariably in Advance.

Office, in Bernheimer's Block.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

12 lines, (100 words or less) constitute a square.	
One square, for one insertion.	\$1 00
One square, for each additional insertion.	50 00
One-fourth column, 3 insertions.	15 00
One-half column, 3 insertions.	25 00
One-half column, 6 insertions.	35 00
One-half column, 12 insertions.	45 00
One-half column, 24 insertions.	55 00
One-half column, 48 insertions.	65 00
One-half column, 96 insertions.	75 00
Business cards, 5 lines or less, 1 year.	40 00
Business cards, 5 lines or less, 6 months.	25 00
Business cards, 5 lines or less, 3 months.	15 00

Advertisements not marked on the copy for a specific number of insertions, will be continued until, either by written or verbal notice, they shall be ordered out, and payment exacted accordingly. Twelve cents per square will be charged for each change of alteration or order. Displayed advertisements invariably charged extra rates.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. J. C. RHODES.

Physician and Surgeon.

Murdoch's Block.

In the room recently occupied by W. M. McCluer.

STILLWATER, MINN.

Having returned from the Medical and Surgical Department of the Army, has resumed practice in this city.

D. C. HANES, A. T. JENKS, Stillwater, Minn.

HANKS & JENKS.

RAFT PILOTS.

Will contract to deliver Logs and Lumber at any point on the Mississippi river between St. Paul or Stillwater and Memphis, Tenn.

Will also buy and sell Logs on commission.

448 Stillwater, Minn.

CORNHAN & STICKNEY

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

A. B. STICKNEY, Claim Agent.

Office in Bernheimer's Block.

Over Schlenk's Clothing Store.

Stillwater, Minn.

Will pay particular attention to prosecuting Soldiers' Claims in the Department at Washington.

L. R. CORNHAN, A. B. STICKNEY

MUSIC FOR THE PUBLIC.

THE STILLWATER CORNET BAND

Offer their services for Public and Private Excursions, Processions, Parties, Celebrations, &c., &c.

GOOD MUSIC—TERMS MODERATE.

Address W. M. CAPRON, Sec'y.

Stillwater, June 7, 1866-4m

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

E. G. BUTTS & CO., REAL ESTATE AGENTS, STILLWATER, MINN.

Will buy and sell real estate, pay taxes, non-residents, and attend promptly to all matters connected with a general real estate business. Terms moderate. Office, Main street, near Myrtle.

June 6, 1866-3m

A. C. LULL,

REAL ESTATE AGENT AND NOTARY PUBLIC.

Also Agent for the Florence Sewing Machine.

OFFICE IN FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING, MAIN STREET.

Stillwater, June 5, 1866-4l

JAMES V. CASTLE,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

STILLWATER - MINNESOTA.

Collections made and the business of a general agency promptly attended to.

OFFICE IN HOLCOMBE'S BLOCK.

GODFREY SIEGENTHALER,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

PHENIX BLOCK, NEAR THE BRIDGE.

ST. PAUL, MINN.

Will practice in all the Courts of this State, and promptly attend to all matters pertaining to his profession.

PAINTING AND PAPER HANGING.

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING, GRADING, PAPER HANGING, &c.

DONALDSON'S NOTICE AND REAL ESTATE TERMS. Orders left at Carl's Drug Store promptly filled.

May 29-2m

Wm. M. McCLUER,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

Office in Murdoch's Block.

6 East street, Stillwater, Minnesota.

DOCTORS WILLEY & HAND,

Consulting Physicians & Surgeons.

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

See's Willey, M. D. D. W. HAND, M. D.

June 19, 1866-40-1m

PICTURES.

The undersigned having recently made great improvements in his Gallery, is now prepared to wait upon all who may favor him with their patronage; feeling assured that he can give entire satisfaction. If a picture is not satisfactory the customer is not required to take it.

Constantly on hand a good assortment of Frames and Cases—also views of Minnesota scenery.

As many persons wish to know what colors take well in a picture, the following hints may be of interest: Blue takes light; therefore, Purple, Violet, Maize and Magenta take light; Red or Orange takes dark; thus Scarlet, Brown and Olive-green take dark.

Thankful for past favors, I respectfully request a continuance of the same.

E. F. EVERITT,

Main street, Stillwater, Minn.

TURK'S ISLAND SALT.

100 Bushels Turk's Island

SALT!

For sale at

ERONSON'S.

The Cheapest place to buy your

DRY - GOODS

—18—

THE CHEAP CASH STORE

Where you get good Goods at low prices.

A beautiful stock of

Dress Goods,

At all prices from 10 cents up.

SILK SAQUES

—AND—

Basquetines

Cloth Saques & Circulars

Balmoral and Hoop Skirts,

NEW STYLES.

A Handsome line of

Black Silk Cloths and Cassimeres,

Prints, Muslins, &c.,

ALL VERY CHEAP.

H. KNOX TAYLOR,

St. Paul, Minn.

WOOLLEN GOODS

—OF—

HOME MANUFACTURE.

The Proprietors of the

"North Star Woolen Mill"

at Minneapolis, Minn., having run their Factory during the entire winter, are now enabled to place in the market the most extensive and superior stock of Woolen Cloth ever offered to the people of the North-west, consisting of Plain and Fancy

Cassimeres and Doeskins,

Fine Light and Dark Tweeds, Plain and Checked Flannels, Kentucky Jeans, Blankets, Socks, &c.

Our cloths are made

EXCLUSIVELY

of Wool, with the latest improved machinery, and by the most skillful and experienced workmen.

We now offer them for sale, both wholesale and retail, at greatly reduced prices. For Farmers and Wool-growers we offer the most

Liberal Inducements.

to exchange Wool for Cloth, allowing more than the market price for Wool, and selling them our Cloths at

CASH PRICES.

Agencies for exchanging on the same terms as at the Factory will be found at Rochester, Cannon Falls, Clinton Falls, Faribault, Manly and St. Cloud.

Eastman, Gibson & Co.

May, 1866.—36-6m

New Store!

KAISER & KNOTT

Begin leave to announce to the people of Stillwater, Minn., that they have opened a NEW STORE on Main street, and intend to keep a hand, at all times, a good assortment of

BOOTS & SHOES,

GROCERIES,

CROCKERY,

YANKEE NOTIONS &c.,

which they propose to sell at the lowest living rates. Call in and see our new stock.

KAISER & KNOTT.

Stillwater, May, 1866.—36 1y.

New Jewelry Store.

Our brand of FAMILY FLOUR is

WARRANTED equal to

any in the country.

We have established a

WOOD-YARD

Where wood of all kinds will be kept constantly on hand, and sold at reasonable prices.

BARGES

For hire by the day, week or month. And we will freight Wood, Staves, Posts, or other material

to any of the

points on Lake Saint Croix.

Stillwater, July 1, 1866—46-1y.

ATTENTION, LADIES!

Don't fail to call at Mower's Block for

Straw-bleaching & Coloring

Give us a trial—we defy competition.

Felt and Beaver hats altered to the latest style

S. J. RICHMOND.

Stillwater, May, 1866.—33-6m

J. B. BRADEN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Iron, Nails, Hubs, Spokes, Felloes, Shafts,

Wagon & Buggy Hubs, Spokes, Felloes, Shafts,

Poles, Thimble Skin Wagon Boxes,

SPRINGS, AXLES, CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS, &c. &c.

No. 151 Third Street, St. Paul.

Dated at Stillwater, in said county, this 20th day of July, 1866.

Buckwheat Flour.

For sale low, by

BUTLER & DODD.

Special Notices --- Attention.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—in anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge) with directions for preparing and using the same, which will be a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription, free, by return mail, will please address

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,

40-1y Williamburgh, Kings Co., New York.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, for the sake of suffering humanity, and from the simple remedy by which he was cured, sends free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured, and desires nothing in return but the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing JOHN N. GORDEN,

40-1y No. 13 Chambers St., New York.

STRANGE, BUT TRUE.

Every young lady and gentleman in the United States can hear something very much to their advantage by return mail (free of charge) by addressing the undersigned. Those having fears of being humbugged will oblige by not sending this card. All others will please address their obedient servant

THOS. F. CHAPMAN,

81 Broadway, New York.

THE SAWYER HOUSE!

THE PLACE FOR TRAVELERS!

THE PLACE FOR BOARDERS!

THE PLACE FOR FAMILIES!

THE PLACE FOR RECREATION-SEEKERS!

The Place for Everybody!

This is one of the most commodious Hotels in the North-West, and for years past has stood at the head of the list of first-class Houses. It has recently been re-furnished throughout, with a view to the accommodation of the growing wants of Stillwater and the St. Croix Valley. The rooms are of unusual

Large Dimensions,

well ventilated, and elegantly furnished. All of the appointments have been arranged with a view to the comfort and convenience of guests.

Within a few miles of the city, the finest fishing and hunting grounds of Minnesota can be found. Livery stables for the accommodation of guests are abundant, while the steamboat and stage facilities—permeating every portion of the State daily—cannot be excelled by any other locality.

Terms, moderate—Fare, unexcelled by any other Hotel.

JOHN LOWELL, Proprietor.

ALBERT LOWELL, Superintendent.

Stillwater, June 20, 1866.

Butler & Dodd,

Brown Warehouse,

Forwarding & Commission

MERCHANTS,

And Dealers in

Grain, Produce, Provisions,

Hides and Salt.

We also keep constantly on hand, and for sale at the lowest rates of the market,

and deliver to any part

of the city,

FREE OF CHARGE,

Flour, Feed, Oats and Corn.

Our brand of FAMILY FLOUR is

WARRANTED equal to

any in the country.

We have established a

WOOD-YARD

Where wood of all kinds will be kept constantly on hand, and sold at reasonable prices.

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SPRINGS, AXLES, CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS, &c. &c.

No. 151 Third Street, St. Paul.

Dated at Stillwater, in said county, this 20th day of July, 1866.

Buckwheat Flour.

For sale low, by

BUTLER & DODD.

RECONSTRUCTION!

I TAKE THIS METHOD OF

informing my old friends and customers and the public generally, that I have

RE-OPENED,

at the old stand—SAWYER HOUSE BUILDING—corner of Myrtle

[illegible]

Agricultural Column.

THE TOMATO AS FOOD.

A medical authority ascribes to the tomato the following very important medical qualities:

First. That the tomato is one of the most powerful aperients of the liver and other organs; where calomel indicated, it is one of the most effective and least harmful medical agents known to the profession.

Second. That a chemical extract will be obtained from it that will supersede the use of calomel in the cure of disease.

Third. That he has successfully treated diarrhoea with this article alone.

Fourth. That when used as an article of diet, it is almost sovereign for dyspepsia and indigestion.

Fifth. That it should be constantly used for daily food. Either cooked or raw, or in the form of catsup, it is the most wholesome article in use.

CABBAGE CULTURE.

The New York Tribune says the great cabbage growers about New York city generally calculate upon 10,000 head per acre, allowing four superficial feet to each plant, which gives a surplus of 3,500 feet for missing plants. We suppose the crop may average five cents a head, giving \$500 an acre, which, considering it is a second or third crop of the season, affords a pretty good return. Cabbages often follow peas, with which radishes or lettuce have been grown; the ground from which an early crop of potatoes has been taken, is often planted with late cabbage. The soil of this crop must be rich, and manure used sparingly. Hog manure is not approved in this vicinity; it is said that it produces "club-footed" cabbages. The gardeners prefer rotation for this crop, though we have known good cabbages grown upon the same spot a dozen years in succession. Near a city, there is no doubt about the profitability of the crop; and we believe it a valuable one for food for cattle and sheep. It increases the flow of milk, but it does not improve the quality. Irrigation is valuable where cabbage are grown, for they require a vast quantity of water as well as manure, with deep tillage and thorough cultivation.

ADVANTAGES OF UNDER-DRAINING.

1. It prevents drought.
2. It furnishes an increased supply of atmospheric fertilizers.
3. It warms the lower part of the soil.
4. It hastens the decomposition of roots and other organic matter.
5. It accelerates the disintegration of the mineral matters in the soil.
6. It causes a more even distribution of nutritious matter among the parts of the soil traversed by roots.
7. It prevents grasses from running out.
8. It enables us to deepen the surface of the soil, by removing the excess of water.
9. It renders soil earlier in the spring.
10. It prevents the throwing out of grain in winter.
11. It allows us to work sooner after rain.
12. It keeps off the effects of cold weather in the fall.
13. It prevents the formation of acetic and other acids, which induce the growth of sorrel and similar weeds.
14. It hastens the decay of vegetable matter, and the finer comminution of the earthy parts of the soil.
15. It prevents in a great measure, the evaporation of water, and the consequent abstractions of heat from the soil.
16. It admits fresh quantities of water from rains, etc., which are always more or less impregnated with the fertilizing gases of the atmosphere to be deposited among the absorbent parts of the soil, and given up to the necessity of plants.
17. It prevents the formation of so hard a crust on the surface of the soil as is usual on heavy lands.
18. It prevents—in a great measure, grass and winter grains from being winter killed.—*Farmer's Magazine.*

MANAGEMENT OF BEES.

The most convenient method that I have ever tried, in the common management of bees in my apiary, is, when I wish to handle a hive or stock, to blow a little tobacco smoke upon them. After a moment or two I can remove the honey-comb and take it out of the frames without any fears of being stung. It is not necessary that a man should learn the necessary habit of smoking to do this. A pipe should be so constructed that a puff of smoke can be directed to the smoke to any part of the hive. Let any one who has heretofore had trouble in the handling of bees try a little smoke, and he will be surprised at their easy management. He will find that honey-combs can be removed, the bees and combs examined, with an entire freedom from stings, with perhaps now and then exceptional cases. If you want a hive of bees in your hat, all you have got to do is to cage the queen of the gorged swarm in a small wire box, and fasten it in the top of your hat. Shake a few bees into the hat from one of the combs, and their love for their queen will make them cluster around the cage in the hat.

SLEEPY SOLES.

It is well known by all hay makers, that the soles of boots or shoes, in the hot dry weather, or during heavy, become smooth as glass, and full as uncertain for a foot-hold, as well as dangerous on the top of a load, or in ascending or descending the mows. Now to remedy this evil, I take the soles from a pair of cast off rubber shoes, and tack them on to the bottoms of my boots. Since this has been my practice, I have at all times known where to find any feet when I put them down.

THE STILLWATER MESSENGER.

ESTABLISHED BY THE PRESENT PROPRIETOR SEPTEMBER 10, 1866.

A. J. VAN VORHES, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Terms—Two Dollars a Year, Invariably in Advance.

Office, in Bernheimer's Block.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

12 lines, (100 words or less) constitute a square.	
One square, for one insertion,	\$1.00
" " " " " " " "	15
One-fourth column, 3 months,	15.00
" " " " " " " "	30.00
One-half column, 3 months,	30.00
" " " " " " " "	60.00
One column, 3 months,	60.00
" " " " " " " "	120.00
" " " " " " " "	240.00
Business cards, 5 lines or less, 1 year,	87.00
" " " " " " " "	3.00
" " " " " " " "	3.00
" " " " " " " "	3.00

Advertisements not marked in the copy for a specific number of insertions, will be continued until, either by written or verbal notice, it shall be ordered out. Twelve cents per square will be charged for each change or alteration ordered. Displayed advertisements invariably charged extra rates.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. J. C. RHODES,

Physician and Surgeon.

Murdoch's Block,

In the room recently occupied W. M. McCLuer

STILLWATER, MINN.

Having returned from the Medical and Surgical Department of the Army, has resumed practice in this city.

D. C. HANSEN, A. T. JENSEN,

Albany, Ill. Stillwater, Minn.

H. KNOX TAYLOR,

RAFT PILOTS.

Will contract to deliver Logs and Lumber at any point on the Mississippi river between St. Paul or Stillwater and Memphis, Tenn.

Will also buy and sell Logs on commission

at Stillwater, Minn.

CORNMAN & STICKNEY

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

A. B. STICKNEY, Chain Agent.

Office in Bernheimer's Block.

Over Schlenk's Clothing Store,

Stillwater, Minn.

Will pay particular attention to prosecuting Soldiers' Claims in the Department at Washington.

I. R. CORNMAN, A. B. STICKNEY

MUSIC FOR THE PUBLIC.

THE STILLWATER CORNET BAND.

Offer their services for Public and Private Excursions, Processions, Parties, Celebrations, etc., etc.

GOOD MUSIC—TERMS MODERATE.

Address: W. M. CAPRON, Sec'y.

Stillwater, June 7, 1866—4m

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

E. G. BUTTS & CO., REAL ESTATE AGENTS, STILLWATER, MINN.

Will buy and sell real estate, pay taxes for non-residents, and attend promptly to all matters connected with a general real estate business. Terms moderate.

Office, Main street, near Myrtle. June 6, 1866—3m

A. C. LULL,

REAL ESTATE AGENT AND NOTARY PUBLIC.

Also Agent for the Florence Sewing Machine.

OFFICE IN FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING, MAIN STREET.

Stillwater, June 6, 1866—4d

JAMES N. CASTLE,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

STILLWATER - MINNESOTA.

Collections made and the business of a general agency promptly attended to.

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GODFREY SIEGENTHALER,

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PAINTING AND PAPER HANGING.

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING, GRAINING, PAPER HANGING, 15 cents per roll.

DONOR NOTICE AND READ AT CARL'S Drug Store promptly filled.

May 29-2m

Wm. M. McCLUER,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

A. L. W. Office in Murdoch's Block,

East street, Stillwater, Minnesota.

DOCTORS WILLEY & HAND,

Consulting Physicians & Surgeons.

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

June 19, 1866—4-1m

PICTURES.

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If a picture is not satisfactory the customer is not required to take it.

Constantly on hand a good assortment of Frames and Cases—also views of Minnesota scenery, &c.

As many persons wish to know what colors take well in a picture, the following hints may be of interest: Blue takes light; therefore, Purple, Violet, Mauve and Magenta take light. Red or Orange takes dark; thus Scarlet, Brown and Olive-green take dark.

Thankful for past favors, I respectfully request a continuance of the same.

E. F. EVERITT,

Main street, Stillwater, Minn.

TURK'S ISLAND SALT!

100 Bushels Turk's Island

SALT!

For sale at

ERONSON'S.

The Cheapest place to buy your

DRY - GOODS

— IS —

THE CHEAP CASH STORE

Where you get good Goods at low prices.

A beautiful stock of

Dress Goods,

At all prices from 10 cents up.

SILK SAQUES

— AND —

Basquetines

Cloth Saques & Circulars

Balmoral and Hoop Skirts,

NEW STYLES.

A Handsome line of

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Prints, Muslins, &c.,

ALL VERY CHEAP,

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St. Paul, Minn.

WOOLLEN GOODS

— OF —

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Eastman, Gibson & Co.

May, 1866.—30-6m

New Store!

KAISER & KNOTT

Have leased to announce to the people of Stillwater and vicinity, that they have opened a NEW STORE on Main street, and intend to keep on hand, at all times, a good assortment of

BOOTS & SHOES.

GROCERIES,

CROCKERY,

YANKEE NOTIONS &c.,

which they propose to sell at the lowest living rates. Call in and see our new stock.

KAISER & KNOTT,

Stillwater, May, 1866.—36 1y.

New Jewelry Store.

The undersigned does leave to inform the people of Stillwater and vicinity that he has received, at his new Store (one door south of the Lake House) a new stock of fashionable Jewelry, Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Gold Rings, &c., warranted to be such as represented.

He is prepared to clean and repair Clocks and Watches, repair Jewelry, &c., in better and more durable manner than the same can be done this side of the St. Croix, or the East. Give me a call.

All Work Warranted!

R. ILLINGWORTH.

Stillwater, May, 1866.

PETROLEUM OIL, Extra Quality.

For sale, wholesale and retail, by

J. A. BATES.

NOTICE TO THE ELECTORS OF WASHINGTON COUNTY.

By an order of the Board of County Commissioners of Washington county, Notice is hereby given that, at the general election to be held in November next, the electors of this county will be called upon to vote upon a proposition to build a new Court House with Jail and County offices.

RUDOLPH LEHMICKE,

County Auditor.

Dated at Stillwater, in said county, this 20th day of July, 1866.

Buckwheat Flour.

For sale low, by

BUTLER & DODD.

Special Notices -- Attention.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—in anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

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THE PLACE FOR BOARDERS!

THE PLACE FOR FAMILIES!

THE PLACE FOR EXCURSIONISTS!

THE PLACE FOR PLEASURE-SEEKERS!

The Place for Everybody!

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Terms, moderate—Fare, unexcelled by any other Hotel.

JOHN LOWELL, Proprietor.

ALBERT LOWELL, Superintendent.

Stillwater June 30, 1866.

Butler & Dodd,

Grown Warehouse,

Forwarding & Commission

MERCHANTS,

And Dealers in

Grain, Produce, Provisions,

Hides and Salt.

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S. J. RICHMOND.

Stillwater, May, 1866.—33-6m

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Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Iron, Nails, Steel, Hard Ware,

Wagon & Buggy Hubs, Spokes, Fellows, Shafts,

Poles, Thimble Skin Wagon Boxes,

SPRINGS, AXLES, CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS, &c. &c.

No. 151 Third Street, St. Paul.

RECONSTRUCTION!

I TAKE THIS METHOD OF

informing my old friends and customers and he public generally, that I have

RE-OPENED,

at the old stand—SAWYER HOUSE BUILDING—corner of Myrtle and Second streets, Stillwater, where I propose to keep a FULL and GOOD assortment of

GROCERIES,

CROCKERY WARE,

DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

HATS AND CAPS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

and all articles usually found in a general Store in this country, which I will sell as cheap as the cheapest

FOR CASH.

On motion of Mr. Randall, Postmaster General, the House resolved, That the President be and he do pray for the maintenance of the Union, the Constitution, and the Constitution adopted by our fathers.

[illegible]

delegates of Maine, Delaware and New York and members of these cases the committee had immediately received from the delegates of the other States, and by a meeting held at Portland, headed by Governor Gray, are entitled to admission as delegates from Maine. The delegates elected to meet at Dover on the 20th of July 1866 are entitled to admission as delegates from New Hampshire. The delegates elected at Wilmington on the 21st of August are to be admitted to the assembly from the convention of the colored men attending from the United States Society of Sufferers and Sisters of New York, and those elected by the New York delegation headed by Mr. Samuel B. Childs as honorary members.

In consequence of the time that would be occupied by reading the full list of delegates, the following were called to the chair:

Much amusement was caused by the chairman's inadvertently speaking of Gen. A. S. Steedman as the Senator from Ohio, and the slip of the tongue was questioned by the committee.

Mr. G. W. Mack of Ohio, at the request of the delegation from that State, presented a memorial from the Ohio State Teachers' Association and asked that it be read to the convention. The Chairman informed him that that would not be done, as the memorial was not a petition, nor was any citation. A delegate from Ohio was then appointed. (Loud cries of "Read it," "Read it," "Read it.")

Senator Johnson of Maryland moved the adoption of the resolution that the memorial be read by letter to be read. The rules were again consulted and the letter was read by the Secretary.

On motion of Senator Cowan of Pennsylvania, a Committee of two from each State to prepare a report on the memorial was appointed, and no address. The following was subsequently announced as the Committee:

Maine—R. D. Rice and Geo. M. Weston.
New Hampshire—C. B. Bowens and H. Billings.
Vermont—C. N. Davenport & J. H. Willard.
Massachusetts—Gen. D. W. Connel and C. H. Wood.

Rhode Island—Wm. Beach Lawrence at the Convention.
Connecticut—Jas. D. Eaton and O. S. S. Seymour.

S. E. Church.
New Jersey—Col. Ingram Cornell and Abner
Brownling.
Pennsylvania—Hon. E. Cowan and Hon.
Blick.
Delaware—Joseph P. Comings and Joseph
Ayres Stockley.
Maryland—Hon. R. Johnson and Hon. Jo-
W. Freeland.
Virginia—Hon. Richard H. Parker and Jo-
W. Marge.
West Virginia—General John J. Jack-
Parkersburg and Daniel Lamb of Wheeling.
North Carolina—Hon. Wm. A. Graham a-
Hon. N. B. North.
South Carolina—S. McGowan and R.
Perry.
Georgia—B. W. Alexander and A.
Wright.
Alabama—W. W. Manning and A.

Florida—Hon. Wm. Marvin and Hon. J. W. Wilkerson.
Alabama—C. C. Langdon and T. J. Foote.
Mississippi—Hon. Wm. Jager and Hon. M. M. Clark.
Louisiana—Hon. John Ray and Judge I. K. Ker.
Texas—B. H. Epperson and L. C. Evans.
Tennessee—Hon. Geo. S. Bried and Hon. J. W. Wilkerson.

John Baxter
Arkansas—Wm. Byers and W. L. Bell.
Kentucky—Hon. Garrett Davis and Hon.
Wm. H. Hunt.
Ohio—Sol. Hinkel and Col. Geo. W. M.

Indiana—John S. Davis and Thos. A. Ho
dricks.
Illinois—O. H. Browning and S. S. Marsh
Michigan—W. B. McGriery and Hou. Cur
C. Seward.
Missouri—Austin A. King and James
Broadhead.
Minnesota—Henry M. Rite and Danl. S. No
ton.
Wisconsin—C. A. Eldridge and S. J.
Pease.

Iowa - Charles Mason and T. H. Benton.
 Kansas - General Charles W. Blair and V.
 C. M. D'witt.
 California - R. J. Walker and J. A. McD
 Nevada - Gov. G. M. Ebees and Fran
 Oregon - G. L. Curry and E. M. Burnum
 District of Columbia - B. T. Swart and E
 Dakota - A. A. Folk.
 Idaho - C. F. Howell and Harry W. Peg
 Nebraska - M. J. H. H. H. H. H. H.
 New Mexico - G. W. F. F. F. F. F. F.
 Washington - Ed. Cabser.
 Colorado - Milo Lee.

DESPATCH FROM PRESIDENT JOHNSON.

The chairman then announced a telegraphic despatch from President Johnson and directed the secretary to read it. The announcement was the signal for the whole assembly to rise and the greater part of spectators to rise to meet and cheer the valiently for Andrew Johnson. After the applause had subsided the despatch was read:

RESOLUTION ON NEUTRALITY.

M. Carroll, of New York, offered the following resolution, which was referred to a committee.

Resolved That there is justly demanded a law to conserve our early and really law in commerce with the Indians, the spirit of the nation, and the public mind of Congress to comply with such a revision of the Statutes of Illinois, over the resolution of the Committee on Resolutions to recommend to the Convention with a copy of the same to be then of their presentation. He proceeded to discuss the resolution.

Mr. Samuel J. Alden of New York, raised

Mr. PERRY asked that nothing would be put in the Preamble to which a Constitution and Union-loving Democrat could not subscribe. He knew the

men of the Democratic party and he believed that if there were a patriotic party in the country it was. Here the Convention manifested its impatience by cries of "Question," "Question," and under a point of order, the Chairman decided that there was nothing before the Convention for action.

Nevertheless Mr. Hayes having appealed to the courtesy of the Convention to let him explain, he went on to say he had known of platform being adopted in moments of enthusiasm in which were afterwards subjected to severe criticism and all he now desired was

resolution and address which might be reported by the committee which should first be printed and delivered to members so that they might be discussed by the several delegations before they were called upon to act on them in convention.

The question of order was again repeated and sustained by the chair, that there was nothing before the Convention, and Mr. Hayes cordially assented.

Mr. Homer, of Missouri, proposed a recess an hour or two, but the proposition met with no favor and was not passed.

was declared a criminal misdemeanor and charged with conspiring.

Sister J. Titmes, of New York, then presided at the half of the New York delegation three cheers for Hon. Henry J. Raymond and who had prepared the address just read. The New York delegation then sang the song, "The Union is the Strongest Link in the Chain." They were then enthusiastically elected sponsors of the address.

The address was read by Sister J. Titmes, and was a most stirring and thoughtful one. It made about four columns solid New York papers.

It demands the universal acknowledgment of the rights of the colored people, and the perpetual maintenance of the union and the destruction of slavery.

It demands that the government acquire new fields or power by the war, and that it should only on the defensive.

It demands that the government that when it is at the power and dignity of the colored people should remain undiminished and intact, and that it should be a power since the war was in violation.

the constitution. The speaker then declares that no State shall be its own solvent but is deprived of its representation in the Senate. The action of Congress denying representation to the Southern States appears as great effort to overthrow the Government as that which armed rebellion. The speaker then asks one question, did Congress may exclude other States on this ground. There is no warrant for this in the constitution. He then asks another question, may only non-representatives be excluded from Congress, but no State without its own consent can be deprived of equal representation in the Senate, even by an amendment of Congress in this. He then asks a third question, may very properly for the action of Congress at the States lately in rebellion have lost

rights representation which the Su-
as government only can restore, but it is
ciple that no right can be forfeited nor
the right or duty of a State to be repre-
Congress be impaired by rebel. O ly
loyment of that principle can be const. not-

It is also alleged that three fourths of the S. S. are actually charging the Hindu population with the crime of being "non-converts" to pass judgment upon the motives of the Hindu of the United States. The S. S. are further alleged to have now selected more than the S. S. as a ready to receive them. The S. S. are further alleged to have now selected more than the S. S. as a ready to receive them. The S. S. are further alleged to have now selected more than the S. S. as a ready to receive them.

tenfold more than those who have remain-
ed in allegiance.
The address pledges them to future obedi-
ence to laws. It adds that the war has swept
away slavery, the cause of sectional vari-
ous, and has revealed and disciplined
power.
The address directs attention to the fact that
the Congress is soon to be elected, adds that
the present policy is protracted civil war may
be renewed, and calls upon every Congressman
to return only such members who are
opposed to the policy of restoration.
Without further action the Convention ad-
journed.

THE NATIONAL CONVENTION.

The Proceedings of the Convention before the

President--Speech of Reverdy Johnson--Reply of the President.

NEW YORK, August 18.—About one o'clock committee headed by a band of music, entered the White House. They were conducted into the east room by Marshal Goussing so arranged as to form a circle. The dele-

resident Johnson soon appeared, accompanied by Secretaries McCalloch, Welles, and Postmaster General Randall.

SPEECH OF BEVERLY JOHNSON.
The Hon. Reverdy Johnson then advanced and said:
"Mr. President: We are before you as a Committee of the National Union Convention assembled in Philadelphia on Tuesday, the 12th inst., charged with the duty of presenting to you with an authenticated copy of the proceedings. Before placing it in your hands I permit me to congratulate you, that"

the object for which the Convention was held in each every State and Territory, and to the call to the unbroken harmony of the deliberations, in the unanimity with which the principles it declared were adopted, and more especially in the patriotic and constitutional character of the principles themselves, we are confident that you and the country will find gratifying and cheering evidence that there is a strong basis upon which a public sentiment, embracing and sustaining the completion of the Union as established by the Constitution, certain and inviolable.

They adopted the Constitution, are so much inconsistent with the condition in which the country has been placed by such a crime, that it will not be permitted a single day of duration.

With Mr. President, you should have secured the concord and brotherly affection which was manifest in every member of the Senate. Great as your confidence even been in the intelligence and patriotism of fellow-citizens in their devotion to the Union in their present determination to create and maintain it, it would have been a positive conviction if you could have

[illegible]

would have felt that the time was near at hand when all sectional and other petulant passions would cease, and that nothing would be heard in the future but the voice of every free citizen in witness to the commonwealth, of pride in being bound together by common notions existing and protected by government protected by experience, contentedly fused for all generations. We have every assurance that harmony about our entire life will prevail. We take it in former days was eloquently expressed by Webster, the nation's most gifted man, "Massachusetts and South Carolina."

should not to shoulder through the
ation, and stood und in hand around the
retation of Washington, and felt his
great arm lean on them for support." "If they again, with like unanimit devo-
and power stand round your administra-
or election being on the same ticket with
much lamented public servant whose fol-
lownation touched the heart of the civil
with grief and horror, you have been
you have not endeavored to carry out
policy; and judged now by the opposite
which Congress has pursued its wisdom

triotism are indicated by the fact that these has but continued a broken Union of the States which at one time surrection existed as far as they could wish it in the condition of subjugated denying to them the right to be united, whilst subjecting their people to the species of Legislation including that of war, that such a state of things is at war very spirit of our constitution. conclusion let me say sir, that concerning welfare you have a watchful eye and that any attempt by any



1



Mr. Lincoln Just before his election.

It gave Mr. Lincoln great pain to think that many religious men, even in his own city, were going to vote against him. For himself, he could plainly see God's hand in the conflict. One day, speaking with tears rolling down his cheeks, he uttered these noble words: "I know there is a God, and that he hates injustice and slavery. I see the storm coming, and I know that his hand is in it. If he has a place and work for me, and I think he has—I believe I am ready. I am nothing; but truth is everything. I know I am right, because I know that liberty is right; for Christ teaches it, and Christ is God. I have told them that a house divided against itself can not stand, and Christ and reason say the same; and they will find it so. Douglas don't care whether slavery is voted up or voted down; but God cares, and humanity cares, and I care—and with God's help, I shall not fail. I may not see the end; but it will come, and I shall be vindicated; and these men will find that they have not read their Bibles aright."

Kentucky Election.

The election in Kentucky resulted as was generally anticipated, in the complete triumph of the rebel ticket. We have no tears to shed, no regrets to offer, no sympathy for the beaten side. The "Conservatives" engineered the canvass, made the platform, met the enemy and were routed, horse, foot and dragons, as they richly deserved to be. Colonel Hobson lost votes at every meeting he addressed. He undertook, at the instance of the Conservatives, to prove himself a better Johnson man than his opponent, Duvall. He thereby disgusted thousands of Radicals who refused to vote for him. On the other hand, large numbers of "Conservatives," finding there was no difference in the platforms of the opposing candidates, concluded that they might as well go for the ultra Johnson ticket and help swell the rebel majority, and give that party plenty of rope.

A few days before the election, Hobson made a speech at Lexington, which was chiefly devoted to abusing and slandering the Union party in the North. He announced himself as opposed to all constitutional amendments, opposed to the Civil Rights bill, opposed to the action of Congress, and stated that he had voted for McClellan and against Lincoln, and that he was heart and soul for Andy Johnson and his "policy." The effect of the speech is shown in the result of the election. Lincoln carried the county Fayette, in which this speech was made, by 400 majority, while Hobson has lost it by 1,000 votes. The Republicans who are numerous in that county, would not vote for a candidate who thus insulted them, and absented themselves from the polls. Hobson is beaten in the State by 40,000 majority, and it ought to be twice as much. We are sorry that any Republican voted for such a miserable doughface. The Republicans should not have withdrawn their own candidate, but stuck to Col. Stanton and made the best fight for him in their power. They could have polled him more votes than were cast for Hobson. The result of the election has given them a lesson which may do them good hereafter. There is a middle ground between that occupied by the Republicans and the Copperheadism. The true friends of the Union take one side of the issue, and the secession sympathizers the other. Hobson, himself, ought to have voted for Duvall to be consistent with the sentiments he avowed on the stump.—Chicago Tribune.

Rebel Rights.

In his oration at Madison on the Fourth, Judge Hubbell thus flatteringly alluded to President Johnson's friends, the pardoned and unpardoned rebels who claim the "right" to be immediately restored—restored as States—restored as individuals:

What are their "rights"? Fellow citizens, suppose these southern gentry were here before you to-day, how would you address them? You would say, O ye heroes and backers of the rebellion! you have fattened your soil with the best blood of the Union; you have filled our houses with mourning, and our streets with crippled and disabled soldiers; you have piled on us a debt of three thousand millions of dollars; but you have failed to destroy the Government; and now you come here and demand your "rights"—rights which you repudiated and spit upon—seats in Congress, which you voluntarily vacated as unfit for cotton-growing slave-owning gentlemen.

As traitors, what right had you but the right to swing? and of its enjoyment the President has graciously relieved you. But we are not unreasonable. Let us know we are safe in your company. Prove that you love the institutions of liberty as well as you have loved the institutions of slavery, and we will welcome you back, all back, to all the rights and privileges of the Constitution we have saved from your violence. That's the way you would talk to them. And that would be liberal—only too liberal.

The popularity of railways in Russia is such that landed proprietors give up their lands gratuitously, and their example is followed by towns and villages.

THE STILLWATER MESSENGER.

ESTABLISHED BY THE PRUDENT PROPRIETOR SEPTEMBER 10, 1856.

A. J. VAN VORHES, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Terms—Two Dollars a Year, invariably in Advance.

Office, in Bernheimer's Block.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

12 Lines, (100 words or less) constitute a square. One square, for one insertion, \$1.00. Each additional insertion, 50 cents. One-fourth column, 3 months, 15.00. One-half column, 3 months, 25.00. One-third column, 3 months, 20.00. One-half column, 6 months, 30.00. One-half column, 1 year, 50.00. One column, 1 year, 75.00. Business cards, 5 lines or less, 1 year, 5.00. 6 months, 3.00. 3 months, 1.50.

Advertisements not marked on the copy for a specific number of insertions, will be continued until, either by a written or verbal notice, they shall be ordered out, and payment exacted accordingly. Twelve cents per square will be charged for each change or alteration ordered. Displayed advertisements invariably charged extra rates.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. J. C. RHODES,

Physician and Surgeon.

Murdock's Block.

In the room recently occupied by W. M. McCluer.

STILLWATER, MINN.

Having returned from the Medical and Surgical Department of the Army, has resumed practice in this city.

D. C. HANSEN, A. T. JENKS, Albany, Ill. Stillwater, Minn.

HANKS & JENKS,

RAFT PILOTS.

Will contract to deliver Logs and Lumber at any point on the Mississippi river between St. Paul or Stillwater and Memphis, Tenn. Will also buy and sell Logs on commission.

CORNMAN & STICKNEY,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

A. R. STICKNEY, Claim Agent.

Office in Bernheimer's Block.

Over Schenk's Clothing Store.

Stillwater, Minn.

Will pay particular attention to prosecuting Soldiers' Claims in the Department at Washington.

L. R. CORNMAN, A. R. STICKNEY.

MUSIC FOR THE PUBLIC.

THE STILLWATER CORNET BAND.

Offer their services for Public and Private Excursions, Processions, Parties, Celebrations, &c., &c.

GOOD MUSIC—TERMS MODERATE.

Address W. M. CAPRON, Secy.

Stillwater, June 6, 1866-4m

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

E. G. BUTTS & COY., REAL ESTATE AGENTS, STILLWATER, MINN.

Will buy and sell real estate, pay taxes for non-residents, and attend promptly to all business. Terms moderate. Office, Main street, near Myrtle.

June 6, 1866-3m

A. C. LULL,

REAL ESTATE AGENT AND NOTARY PUBLIC.

Also Agent for the Florence Sewing Machine.

OFFICE IN FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING, MAIN STREET.

Stillwater, June 6, 1866-1f

CASTLE & CAMERON,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law.

STILLWATER - MINNESOTA.

Collections made and the business of a general agency promptly attended to.

OFFICE IN HOLCOMBE'S BLOCK.

M. S. WILLARD,

FURNITURE DEALER.

Main street, Stillwater, Minnesota.

ELBART Medium and Plain Household Furniture, Mattresses, Looking Glasses, &c.

Stillwater, Minn., 1866-3m

WM. M. MCCLUER,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

Office in Murdock's Block.

Est. street, Stillwater, Minnesota.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Of Stillwater.

CAPITAL \$50,000.00.

CHARLES SCHIEFFER President.

H. HOSPER Vice-President.

O. R. ELLIS Cashier.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS: Louis Hosper, J. E. Thompson, Charles Schieffer, H. Hosper, Thompson, O. R. Ellis.

ATTENTION, LADIES! Don't fail to call at Mower's Block for Straw-bleaching & Coloring. Give us a trial—we defy competition. Felt and Beaver hats altered to the latest style. S. J. RICHMOND. Stillwater, May, 1866.—33-6m

HOLLIS R. MURDOCK, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, and General Agent, Stillwater, Minnesota. Stillwater, April 30, 1866. n5.

BLANKS! Of all kinds for sale at this office.

The Cheapest place to buy your

DRY - GOODS

— IS —

THE CHEAP CASH STORE

Where you get good Goods at low prices.

A beautiful stock of

Dress Goods,

At all prices from 10 cents up.

SILK SAQUES

— AND —

Basquetines

Cloth Saques & Circulars

Balmoral and Hoop Skirts, NEW STYLES.

A Handsome line of

Black Silk Cloths and Cassimeres,

Prints, Muslins, &c.,

ALL VERY CHEAP,

H. KNOX TAYLOR.

St. Paul, Minn.

WOOLLEN GOODS

— OF —

HOME MANUFACTURE.

The Proprietors of the

"North Star Woolen Mill"

at Minneapolis, Minn., having run their Factory during the entire winter, are now enabled to place in the market the most extensive and superior stock of Woolen Cloth ever offered to the people of the North-west, consisting of Plain and Fancy

Cassimeres and Doeskins,

Fine Light and Dark Tweeds, Plain and Checked Flannels, Kentucky Jeans, Blankets, Socks, &c.

Our cloths are made

EXCLUSIVELY

of Wool, with the latest improved machinery, and by the most skillful and experienced workmen.

We now offer them for sale, both wholesale and retail, at greatly reduced prices. For Farmers and Wool-growers we offer the most

Liberal Inducements

to exchange Wool for Cloth, allowing more than the market price for Wool, and selling them our Cloths at

CASH PRICES.

Agencies for exchanging on the same terms at the Factory will be found at Rochester, Cannon Falls, Clinton Falls, Fairbault, Mankato and St. Cloud.

Knox, Gibson & Co.

May, 1866.—26-6m

New Store!

KAISER & KNOTT

Begin leave to announce to the people of Stillwater and vicinity that they have received, at his new Store (one door south of the Lake House) a new stock of fashionable

NEW STORE on Main street, and intend to keep on hand, at all times, a good assortment of

BOOTS & SHOES,

GROCERIES,

CROCKERY,

YANKEE NOTIONS &c.,

which they propose to sell at the lowest living rates. Call in and see our new stock.

KAISER & KNOTT.

Stillwater, May, 1866.—36-1y.

New Jewelry Store.

The undersigned begs leave to inform the people of Stillwater and vicinity that he has received, at his new Store (one door south of the Lake House) a new stock of fashionable

Gold Rings, &c., warranted to be such as represented.

He is prepared to clean and repair Clocks and Watches, repair Jewelry, &c., in better and more durable manner than the same can be done this side of the St. Croix, or the East.

Give me a call.

All Work Warranted!

R. ILLINGWORTH.

Stillwater, May, 1866.

PICTURES.

The undersigned having recently made great improvements in his Gallery, is now prepared to wait upon all who may favor him with their patronage; feeling assured that he can give entire satisfaction. If a picture is not satisfactory the customer is not required to take it.

Constantly on hand a good assortment of Frames and Cases—also views of Minnesota scenery, &c.

As many persons wish to know what colors take well in a picture, the following hints may be of interest: Blue takes light; therefore, Purple, Violet, Mauve and Magenta take light. Red or Orange takes dark; thus Scarlet, Brown and Olive-green take dark.

Thankful for past favors, I respectfully request a continuance of the same.

E. F. EVERITT.

Main street, Stillwater, Minn.

Special Notices—Attention.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with directions for preparing and using the same, which will be a rare cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be valuable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription, Free, by return mail, will please address

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,

40-ly Williamsburgh, Kings Co., New York.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman, who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for the simple remedy, by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing

JOHN B. OGDEN,

40-ly No. 13 Chambers St., New York.

STRANGE, BUT TRUE.

Every young lady and gentleman in the United States can have something very much to their advantage by return mail (free of charge) by addressing the undersigned. Those having fears of being humbugged will oblige by not noting this card. All others will please address their obedient servant.

THOMAS F. CHAPMAN,

81 Broadway, New York.

Whiskers! Whiskers!

Dr. L. O. Montes Corroia, the greatest stimulant in the world, will force Whiskers or Mustaches to grow on the smoothest face or chin; never known to fall. Sample for trial sent free to any desirable person testing its merits. Address Rex & Co., 78 Nassau street, N. Y.—3m-5m

THE SAWYER HOUSE!

THE PLACE FOR TRAVELERS!

THE PLACE FOR BOARDERS!

THE PLACE FOR FAMILIES!

THE PLACE FOR EXCURSIONISTS!

THE PLACE FOR PLEASURE-SEEKERS!

The Place for Everybody!

This is one of the most commodious Hotels in the North-West, and for years past has stood at the head of the list of first-class Houses. It has recently been re-furnished throughout, with a view to the accommodation of the growing wants of Stillwater and the St. Croix Valley. The rooms are of unusually

Large Dimensions,

well ventilated, and elegantly furnished. All of the appointments have been arranged with a view to the comfort and convenience of guests.

Within a few miles of the city, the finest fishing and hunting grounds of Minnesota can be found. Lively tables for the accommodation of guests are abundant, while the steamboat and stage facilities—permeating every portion of the State daily—cannot be excelled by any other locality.

Terms, moderate—Fare, unexcelled by any other Hotel.

JOHN LOWELL, Proprietor.

ALBERT LOWELL, Superintendent.

Stillwater, May, 1866.—40

Butler & Dodd,

Brown Warehouse,

Forwarding & Commission

MERCHANTS,

And Dealers in

Grain, Produce, Provisions,

Hides and Salt.

We also keep constantly on hand, and for sale

at the lowest rates of the market,

and deliver to any part

of the city,

FREE OF CHARGE,

Flour,

Feed,

Oats and Corn.

Our brand of FAMILY FLOUR is

WARRANTED equal to

any in the country.

We have established a

WOOD-YARD

Where wood of all kinds will be kept constantly on hand, and for sale at reasonable prices.

BARGES

For hire by the day, week or month. And we will freight Wood, Staves, Posts, or other material

to any of the points on Lake Saint Croix.

Stillwater, July 1, 1865.—n4-1y.

PAPER HANGING!

PAPER HANGING!

If you want your paper hanging done with neatness and dispatch, call on

C. L. LOCKWOOD,

At the St. Croix Hotel.

May 8, 1866.—36-1f

RECONSTRUCTION!

I TAKE THIS METHOD OF

informing my old friends and customers and the public generally, that I have

RE-OPENED,

at the old stand—SAWYER HOUSE BUILDING—corner of Myrtle and Second streets, Stillwater, where I propose to keep a FULL and GOOD assortment of

GROCERIES,

CROCKERY WARE,

DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

HATS AND CAPS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

and all articles usually found in a general Store, where I propose, which I will sell as cheap as the cheapest.

WILLIAM TIBBETTS.

Stillwater, Oct. 4th, 1865.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

H. M. CRANDALL,

DEALER IN

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS,

Dye Stuffs

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

PATENT MEDICINES &c.,

A LARGE

And Complete Stock

LINSEED OIL,

VARNISHES, BENZOLE, BRUSHES

White Lead,

WINDOW GLASS, PUTTY, MANU

FACTURERS' STOCK, SOAP-MAKERS' & TANNERS' STOCK,

CARBON OIL AND PURE ALCOHOL

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

Terms Cash, Prices Low.

Stillwater, Oct. 3, 1865.

Now is time to have Your

GRAINING DONE!

The undersigned having purchased one of Adams' Patent Graining Machines, with Patent rights for this county, is prepared to do all kinds of Graining much better, and 20 per cent, cheaper than can be done by hand. It has been thoroughly tested and cordially recommended by the following gentlemen:

R. Schuchter, A. J. Van Vorhes, Joseph G. Butts, Augustus Ziegler, H. M. Crandall, Marcellin Francis, Ariel Eldridge, Joseph Wolff, Corinn & Stickney, Mrs. Winslow Leach, John Barker, Churchill & Nelson, Joseph Dahm, Mrs. J. N. Ahi, Philip Miller, Jos. A. Bates, Christopher Carl, John Diech, Henry Kattenberg, Jeremiah Stewart, Joseph Markhausen, Isaac Bergholm, First National Bank of Stillwater, Julius Brunschwick, William Holcombe, Thomas Mon, Edward S. Dodge, John Kaiser, Martin Johnson, Monitor & Denton, Morgan May, Hersey, the Staples & Hall, and all other persons owning lots fronting on Main street in the city of Stillwater, the center of Myrtle street and the south line of lot No. 34, in block 42:

You and each of you are hereby notified to

24 Main street to the center thereof in front of your respective lots or part of lots, between the points above designated, either by filling or cutting, or both, as the case may require, to make said street conform to the established grade thereof, as designated by the City Surveyor: To make side-walks eight feet wide and cover the same with flagging; to lay curb-stones between the side-walks and gutters, to pave gutters six feet in width with stone, and to Macadamize that part of the street between the paving stones, upon the to the depth of ten inches, with good gravel or stone broken small; the whole of said work to be done according to the plan and specifications on file with the Recorder and subject to the approval and acceptance of the City Council, and to be completed on or before the first day of October 1866. In case of neglect

The Stillwater Messenger.

A. J. VAN VORHES,
Editor and Proprietor.

"BE JUST AND FEAR NOT."

TERMS—\$2.00 A YEAR
Invariably in Advance.

VOLUME 10.

STILLWATER, MINNESOTA, AUGUST 29, 1866.

NUMBER 51.

STILLWATER MESSENGER

Wednesday, August 29, 1866.

UNION STATE CONVENTION.

The Union electors of the State of Minnesota who are in favor of asserting and maintaining the rights of the loyal people through their representatives in Congress to prescribe the conditions on which the late rebel States shall be allowed to participate in the General Government, and who favor the proposed amendment to the Federal Constitution, are requested to send delegates to a convention held in Ingalls' Hall, in St. Paul, Minn., on Wednesday, the 19th day of September, 1866, at 11 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of nominating candidates for State Auditor and Clerk of the Supreme Court, and for transacting such other business as may properly come before the convention.

The several counties will be entitled to delegates as follows, viz:

Anoka.....	1	Mill Lake.....	1
Beaton.....	1	Monongalia.....	1
Blue Earth.....	1	Morrison.....	1
Brown.....	1	Mower.....	1
Carver.....	1	Nicollet.....	1
Cass.....	1	Olustash.....	1
Crow Wing.....	1	Ottawa.....	1
Chisago.....	1	Pine.....	1
Cottonwood.....	1	Ramsey.....	1
Dakota.....	1	Redwood.....	1
Douglas.....	1	Renoville.....	1
Dodge.....	1	Rice.....	1
Faribault.....	1	St. Louis.....	1
Fillmore.....	1	Stearns.....	1
Freeborn.....	1	Sherburne.....	1
Goodhue.....	1	Sibley.....	1
Hennepin.....	1	Stearns.....	1
Houston.....	1	Steele.....	1
Jackson.....	1	Todd.....	1
Jamieson.....	1	Wabasha.....	1
Jones.....	1	Wadena.....	1
Kandiyohi.....	1	Washington.....	1
Kanabec.....	1	Winona.....	1
Kearney.....	1	Wright.....	1
Le Sueur.....	1		
Lincoln.....	1		
McLeod.....	1		
Mower.....	1		

Delegates from unorganized counties not named will be subject to the action of the convention.

R. BLANKLEY, Chairman. C. D. DAVISON, E. W. CUTLER, J. H. KENNEDY, E. S. YOUNG, J. G. McCAFFREY, FRED JONES, D. E. CAWCEWELL, GEO. C. MOY.

Union State Central Committee, St. Paul, August 19, 1866.

CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION.

The Republican Union electors of the Second Congressional District are requested to send delegates to a Convention, to be held at Ingalls' Hall at 11 o'clock A. M., in the city of St. Paul, on Thursday, the 29th day of September, 1866, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Representative in Congress from said District. The several counties will be entitled to Delegates as follows:

Anoka.....	1	Meeker.....	1
Beaton.....	1	Mill Lake.....	1
Blue Earth.....	1	Monongalia.....	1
Brown.....	1	Morrison.....	1
Carver.....	1	Mower.....	1
Cass.....	1	Nicollet.....	1
Chisago.....	1	Olustash.....	1
Crow Wing.....	1	Ottawa.....	1
Dakota.....	1	Pine.....	1
Douglas.....	1	Ramsey.....	1
Dodge.....	1	Redwood.....	1
Faribault.....	1	Renoville.....	1
Fillmore.....	1	Rice.....	1
Freeborn.....	1	St. Louis.....	1
Goodhue.....	1	Stearns.....	1
Hennepin.....	1	Sherburne.....	1
Houston.....	1	Sibley.....	1
Jackson.....	1	Stearns.....	1
Jamieson.....	1	Steele.....	1
Jones.....	1	Todd.....	1
Kandiyohi.....	1	Wabasha.....	1
Kanabec.....	1	Wadena.....	1
Kearney.....	1	Washington.....	1
Le Sueur.....	1	Winona.....	1
Lincoln.....	1	Wright.....	1
McLeod.....	1		
Mower.....	1		

T. M. METCALF, Chairman. E. W. CUTLER, A. B. STOKLEY, W. S. GROW, F. A. RENZ.

Cong'l. Com. of 2d Cong'l District.

State Teachers' Institute.

The State Teachers' Institute meets at Faribault to-day, and will continue in session until to-morrow night. We make up our paper to-day with this article—proposing to take an early breakfast at home and dining at Faribault—thanks to steam and iron rails. The journey, under other circumstances would require two days instead of six hours.

The Loyal Southern Convention.

The curtain has fallen on the Copperhead Convention. The Do-little farce is over remarks the Chicago Tribune, with truth, and its actors have retired behind the scenes. A more serious drama comes next. On the third of September a Convention of Southern Union men is to meet in Philadelphia; and every American who loves his country and hates treason will heartily sympathize with this effort of men who have been tried in the furnace of affliction and not found wanting. The long list of signers to the call for this Convention was recently published in our columns. To the fathers and brothers of the victims who perished in the slaveholders' rebellion, these names are dear. In the list are such men as A. J. Hamilton, Michael Hahn, and A. P. Dostie, with about a hundred others, who have suffered for the love of country more than any other class of men since the days of the thirty tyrants. There are no Confederate Vice-Presidents, Generals, Colonels, Congressmen or Governors among them. They are the men who, by their steadfast loyalty, have earned the right to take the front seats in the restored Union. They are the men who suffered every-

thing during the war for the faith that was in them, and whom Andrew Johnson has turned over, in the moment of victory, to be dealt with by rebel mobs thirsting for their blood. These exiled and persecuted Unionists had fondly believed that Andrew Johnson was the man to strike terror into the hearts of traitors and to secure life and limb and some small measure of peace to loyal men. Those who had not been conscripted or assassinated or imprisoned, had been ruthlessly driven from their families and property; and surrounded by poverty, trampled by dependence, with hearts curdling with bitter suspense, yet sustained by a lofty principle, for five long years had waited for the success of the Union army, that they might find their way back to their homes in peace. But Johnson's complicity with unpunished rebels, and his traitorous abandonment of the party which elected him, have convinced them of the impossibility of living under his reconstructed government. The abandonment of these loyal Southerners was the crowning outrage of the apostate President.

Among the best movements to rescue the South from the rule of rebel Generals and to put the enemies of the Republic in the niche of infamy, is the forthcoming Loyal Southern Convention. It will be a success. No convention could be called which would meet with wider sympathy. The City of Brotherly Love is preparing, we see, to give the persecuted loyalists of the South a kind reception, and it will be done with a right good will. Let every aid be given by Republicans to ensure the full and free exposition of pro-slavery oppression by men who, having felt it, best know whence it comes, why it exists, and what is the remedy.

The third of September convention will take from old Independence Hall the bluish left upon its otherwise unvarnished history by the fourteenth of August Copperhead pow-wow. The Minnesota Union State Central Committee, in conjunction with Gov. Marshall, have appointed this truly loyal delegates to attend this truly loyal convention as follows:

Anoka.....	1	Meeker.....	1
Beaton.....	1	Mill Lake.....	1
Blue Earth.....	1	Monongalia.....	1
Brown.....	1	Morrison.....	1
Carver.....	1	Mower.....	1
Cass.....	1	Nicollet.....	1
Chisago.....	1	Olustash.....	1
Crow Wing.....	1	Ottawa.....	1
Dakota.....	1	Pine.....	1
Douglas.....	1	Ramsey.....	1
Dodge.....	1	Redwood.....	1
Faribault.....	1	Renoville.....	1
Fillmore.....	1	Rice.....	1
Freeborn.....	1	St. Louis.....	1
Goodhue.....	1	Stearns.....	1
Hennepin.....	1	Sherburne.....	1
Houston.....	1	Sibley.....	1
Jackson.....	1	Stearns.....	1
Jamieson.....	1	Steele.....	1
Jones.....	1	Todd.....	1
Kandiyohi.....	1	Wabasha.....	1
Kanabec.....	1	Wadena.....	1
Kearney.....	1	Washington.....	1
Le Sueur.....	1	Winona.....	1
Lincoln.....	1	Wright.....	1
McLeod.....	1		
Mower.....	1		

Gen. J. T. Averill, Hon. C. D. Gillilan, H. J. Horn, Ramsey county. Hon. J. S. Pillsbury, Hon. D. Morrison, A. Hain, Hennepin county. Gen. C. C. Andrews, Col. Theodore H. Barrett, Stearns county. Hon. Wm. Windom, Hon. Thomas Simpson, Winona county. Ben. M. S. Wilkinson, Blue Earth county. Col. Stearns and Capt. J. A. Leonard, Olmsted county. Hon. C. A. Wheaton, Rice county. Judge S. G. Kennick, Dakota county. Col. H. C. Rogers, Mower county. Louis Hopes, Washington county. Hon. D. G. Stillwell, Brown county.

The Stillwater Messenger by having its inside pages printed at a Bread and Butter newspaper office, gives its readers reason for thinking it has its self-interest in the arm-in-arm party. The second page of its last issue has the Philadelphia "declaration" headed, "The True Union Platform." Is it?

The St. Paul Press, by having its inside and outside bowels bread-and-buttered by the State and the Republican party during the past seven years, has become a very pompous, self-cooed and insolent toady. If it had sufficient brains, it would assume the position of an absolute Dictator. In the absence of brains, it universally leads insolence or pretension for trumps, thinking those the cards that win. If the Press will be courteous enough to attend to its own business, we will endeavor to attend to ours. When we desire a guardian appointed, we will apply to the Probate Court. When we want a dictator we will apply to some authority outside of the Press gang—and we won't go to Nova Scotia to find the man to crack the lash over our sensitive back. We can find a boy of larger growth nearer home—Are you satisfied with our "declaration?"

A VETERAN.—Capt. Monfort, of the steamer Lady Pike, who visits our levee every week, is a veteran on these waters. He steamed on the up-river Mississippi from St. Louis to Fort Snelling and Mendota, before even a cabin stood in the present site of our city. He ran on the Otter in 1839, and afterwards on the Senator, Dr. Franklin and West Newton, which were the very first boats in this trade. He brought most of the early settlers to this State, and was personally acquainted with all of them.

Advice to Young Men.

In his speech at Indianapolis, Governor Morton uttered a word of advice and warning to young men which should be written imperishably on the memory of every one about entering upon the duties of life. Young men of Minnesota! heed and treasure these golden words of an statesman and patriot!

You are just starting in life, with the whole world all before you, when and how to choose. Beware how you connect your fortunes with a decayed and dishonored party, indelibly stained with treason, and upon whose tombstone the historian will write: "False to liberty, false to its country, and false to the age in which it lived." The Democratic party has committed a crime for which history has no pardon, and the memories of men no forgiveness; whose colors grow darker from age to age, and for which the execrations of mankind become more bitter from generation to generation.

THE SERVICES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY TO THE COUNTRY.—Harper's Weekly, in an article directed against the pretensions of Democratic orators, who now claim for their party the direction of the Government, has the following biting enumeration of the "services" which the Democrats have performed to the nation:

What, then, are the services of the Democratic party for which it should again be entrusted with the direction of the Government? The history of thirty years answers. Its services consist in having strengthened, by every appeal to passion, ignorance and cowardice, the only aristocratic class in the United States, and an aristocracy founded upon the degradation of labor. Its services consist of the national conscience; in a fierce denial of the fundamental principle of the Republic—the equality of rights; in an attempt, under the forms of law, and by means of blood and terror, to fasten slavery upon Kansas; and when the people, at last aroused to the fearful truth, constitutionally cast the party from power, its crowning service consists in rushing to arms, and seeking, by the most desperate and unscrupulous struggle, to overthrow the Government. The Democratic party, whose conspiracy against the equality of rights has been foiled, both in the field and at the polls, now turns to the American people, who have been its spectators and victims, and informs them that it is the only safe and patriotic and conservative and conciliatory and Union-loving party in the land.

The Jersey City (N. J.) Times says: A gentleman just from Washington informs us that he knows that the following is a part of what Gen. Phil. Sheridan said in his despatch to the authorities at Washington, in reference to the riots in New Orleans. Gen. Sheridan used substantially the following language: "This is one of the greatest outrages that ever occurred in any country. I refuse to obey the orders of any Confederate. I tender my resignation, and shall keep New Orleans under martial law until further advice." If that is what Gen. Sheridan sent, and it sounds just like what he would send, it is no wonder that his despatches were mutilated or suppressed. We make this public statement on the authority of our informant, whose name is at the service of the officials, if they want it. Let them now publish Gen. Sheridan's original despatches.

The work of re-building that portion of the Smithsonian Institute, at Washington, which was destroyed by fire, is progressing slowly. The large towers on the north have been rebuilt with fire-proof floors, to assure the safety of all the documents in future, beyond all contingency. The large tower to the southward, which was very badly damaged, will soon be rebuilt. The roofing of the main building, two hundred feet long and fifty feet wide, will be of wrought iron, covered in with slating, with rolled iron on parlines, on a novel plan. It is expected that this roof will be up and covered in the month of October. Before the close of the season all parts of the extensive complex of buildings will be protected by fire proof roofs, and the interior finish will remain to be disposed of next season.

The Hudson Times gives the following statistics of wheat shipped from that city since the 1st of October last:

Fraser & Co.	170,000 bu.
C. D. Powers	100,000 "
Coon & Platt	100,000 "
A. B. Allan, for J. Robinson	100,000 "
Total	570,000

LOCAL NEWS.

For terms of advertising see fourth page.

A CARD.

The undersigned embraces this opportunity to acknowledge with much gratitude, the kindness of many friends, who made up for him a purse of \$75 at the social gathering, at the house of Gov. Holcombe on Monday evening. May the Master whom he serves, and for whose cause it was evidently done richly reward all concerned.

J. C. CALDWELL.

Terrific Storm.

About one o'clock last Monday morning our city was visited by one of the most terrific displays of electrical phenomenon ever witnessed in this place. For several hours previous, dark and lowering clouds steadily approached from the north-west, but the fury of the elements seemed restrained until nearing the city. The steady approach, the low murmurings of the thunder, the occasional flashes of lightning and the breathless stillness of the atmosphere, reminded one of the approach of a gigantic army. When nearing the city the elements opened their ethereal batteries, and such cannonading has seldom been heard before. The combined batteries of the Federal and Confederate forces could hardly have surpassed in grandeur this warring of the elements. For near half an hour the roar was incessant, and the earth trembled from the concussion. The scene was terrific, yet grand beyond description. Fortunately, no damage was done. The conductors on quite a number of buildings received electrical currents, but escaped without serious damage.

REV. MR. HILL'S SCHOOL.—FOURTH YEAR.

The first quarter will open on Monday, Sept. 10th.

Terms: \$10, \$8, \$4.

Pupils are charged from the time they enter. No deduction, except absent for sickness.

REV. HORACE HILLS A. M.

Principal.

n51-4t.

RECORDING.—The water in the St. Croix River—

from this point to Taylor's Falls—has receded so much an extent that the smallest class steamers have great difficulty in making their trips. This low stage of water is owing to a great extent, to the fact that all the dams on the tributaries have been closed in order to secure a sufficient head to get the logs out of the main St. Croix. The result is—a large amount of damming on the part of steamboat men and others who are not so much interested in the lumbering business.

UNIVERSALIST SERVICES.—REV. MR. BOWEN

preaches at Armory Hall every Sunday morning at the usual hour.

50-4t

STEWART STOVE FOR SALE.

The undersigned has one of these celebrated cooking-stoves for sale—the best stove in existence—new, and in perfect order, with copper reservoir and back oven, large wash-boiler, and furniture complete. It will be sold at a bargain! The stove is warranted in every particular, and for any reasonable length of time. Any one in want of a perfect cooking-stove, at low figures, will do well to give me a call.

A. B. EASTON.

Stillwater, Aug. 22, 1866.

BABBIT METAL.—Several hundred

pounds of old type—just as good and much cheaper than babbit metal—can be secured at this office, if applied for soon. Mill-owners, proprietors of reapers or any other machinery needing boxing, will find it to their interest to call.

CITY SCHOOLS.—It was expected

that the city schools would be resumed next Monday, the 3d; but in consequence of a few days delay in getting the new building in complete readiness for occupancy, the resumption will not take place until the 10th, in order that all of the schools may be opened simultaneously. In our next, an outline of the system of grading will be published for the information of pupils and parents.

ITEMS IN BRIEF.

FRANK DAGGETT, an old attache of the Messenger office, and the present sprightly editor of the Wabasha Herald, illuminated our sanctum last evening with the light of his countenance. Frank is growing large by degrees and beautifully more so. His present fighting weight is 627 pounds. He avers that in a test of live weight on the Wabasha hay scales with Fanny Wallace, the Scottish Giantess, he brought her down by two pounds—Mrs. Wallace weighing only 625 pounds, avoirdupois.

COL. CAMERON.—The legal profession of our city have an accession to their numbers in the person of Col. W. S. Cameron, formerly of the 15th New York Volunteers. Col. Cameron comes to our city highly recommended, professionally and otherwise. At present he is associated with J. N. Castle, Esq.

KEEP COOL.—Two or three sensations have occurred in the city during the past few days resulting from erroneous rumors of cholera. A violent attack of cholera morbus on board the steamer Knapp, and another on Saturday evening at the St. Croix House, each produced a nervous excitement about town.

There has not been a case of cholera in or near the city, and there will not probably be a case if people will keep their nerves quiet and their stomachs free from unripe fruits and other unwholesome ingredients. Caution should be exercised by all, however, and due regard paid to personal cleanliness and other wholesome sanitary measures.

WHEAT, in small quantities, is making its appearance in market. The damage by wet weather during harvesting was not as great as at first anticipated. No. 1 commands \$1.25, though the market is somewhat unsettled, and will continue so for some days.

FROST.—A few localities in this vicinity suffered somewhat from frost last week, though not to any very great extent. The corn crops are coming in splendidly. Fifteen days more will place them all beyond the reach of frost.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the St. Croix and Mississippi Navigation Company was held at Hudson, not long since. The report of the company's affairs was not as satisfactory as the most hopeful had been led to expect. The property of the company consists of the steamer Viola and three barges, worth at the outside \$20,000. The following officers were elected:

President.—T. E. Williams.

Secretary.—H. A. Taylor.

Treasurer.—A. D. Richardson.

Directors.—F. H. Williams, M. A. Fulton, F. B. Clark, H. A. Taylor, A. D. Richardson, C. E. Darling, James Hill, of Hudson; J. R. Carl of Stillwater, and John Birch of Lakeland.

ACCIDENT.—Our old friend, B. W. Smith, Esq., of pleasant army memories, associated with C. B. Lewis, Esq., of St. Paul, met with a terrible accident on Saturday. While engaged in adjusting a circular saw at their wood yard on Seventh street, he was caught in the gearing, resulting in the mangle of his right arm and otherwise injuring him in a fearful manner. When informed by Drs. Murphy & Wharton that his limb must be amputated, he coolly remarked "I know it—but don't take off more than is necessary!" If sympathy would make new arms of flesh and blood, our old friend might draw upon us for a thousand arms, each one as strong as Sampson's.

CHICAGO MUSICAL REVIEW.—This is the title of a new little monthly on our table hailing from Chicago. It is devoted exclusively to musical interests, and should be in the hands of all who feel an interest in the elevation of musical science. Published by H. M. Higgins, 117 Randolph street, at the low price of seventy five cents per year.

The local editor of the Hannibal Daily Courier is the wealthiest newspaper man in the West. He owns up his worldly possessions in this wise: Mrs. Local (par value) \$1,000,000; one five years old Local, \$250,000; one seven weeks old Local, \$250,000; cash on hand 43 cents; due on account \$1; sundries, 12 cents. Total, \$1,750,001.55.

PERSONAL.—Our old friend, Dr. Alfred Muller—after an absence of over five years in the army—made our city a flying visit last Saturday, and was warmly greeted by hosts of friends. Dr. Muller is still Post Surgeon at Fort Ridgely, but expects to be mustered out soon, when he will locate in St. Paul or this city. No practitioner in the State enjoys a more enviable reputation than Dr. Muller.

PUSH ALONG.—We are gratified to note that a number of property owners on Main Street have commenced elevating their buildings preparatory to working up to grade and Macadamizing the street and the laying of stone pavements. This will involve quite a heavy expenditure, but will add far more than the cost to the value of Main street property.

GRAND PIC-NIC.—Lodges of the I. O. G. T. of Stillwater, St. Paul, Minneapolis and St. Anthony are perfecting arrangements for a grand picnic, to take place at White Bear Lake early in September.

Mr. A. A. Atkins, telegraph operator at Prescott, died at that place on Saturday morning of typhoid fever.

THANKS.—Dr. J. C. Rhodes will please accept the thanks of the household and of the writer thereof, for a dozen and a half, or two dozen of the finest trout that ever adorned the sparkling and shimmering waters of Rush River. Horace Greely would traverse the continent to catch and eat one such trout—and he would be a fool if he would not!

LEAVING.—Rev. Mr. Merrill, of Marine, has accepted the pastorate of the First Presbyterian church at Winnebago City. We regret to lose Mr. Merrill from the St. Croix Valley. As a sermonizer and accomplished elocutionist, he has few superiors in the State. Mr. Merrill officiated at the First Presbyterian church in this city last Sabbath morning and evening. A host of friends will wish him prosperity in his new frontier field of labor.

Capt. Bromley has been showing his meanness by supplying our larder with prairie chickens; while John Marty keeps the fruit dishes supplied with luscious native plums. The truth is, when an editor lives within hearing of his neighbors, they can hear his wife or domestic scraping the bottom of the flour barrel. "Blessed (at breakfast time) are the uses of adversity."

MINNESOTA VIEWS can be found at Everett's Gallery, Main street.

STEREOSCOPIC INSTRUMENTS for sale by Everett.

n51-4w.

Sensible Words of a Business Man.

A gentleman formerly of this city, but now doing a large and prosperous business in New York, writing partially on business and partially for a burnishing of the memories of 'Lang Syne', under date of the 20th, speaks encouragingly of the opening of the Fall trade in that city. He says western merchants are purchasing extensively, and almost exclusively for cash, and winds up thus:

"I read the Messenger from week to week with an interest that reminds me that years of absence has not abated my affection for Minnesota in general, and Stillwater in particular. How do matters progress with you? I read all your local items and all your advertisements with a keen relish; but in looking over your pages, I am convinced that if your merchants, manufacturers and all other classes of business men would advertise more in the Messenger, and the St. Paul people less, it would add much to the local business and prosperity of your Crescent City. Why do they stand in their own light? The St. Paulites seem to understand, better than your people, one of the great elements of success."

Truer words were never uttered, and by one who knows the advantage of printer's ink. The dealers of this trade belonging legitimately to this city—amounting to tens of thousands of dollars—goes annually into the coffers of St. Paul merchants. There is no necessity for this state of affairs, and our correspondent understands the secret. There is no reason why our merchants and manufacturers can not sell their wares just as cheap as those of St. Paul. We believe many of them do, and that their stocks of merchandise will compare favorably with those of their metropolitan neighbors, but the public are not aware of the fact. When people want to make purchases, they have learned to look to the advertising columns of the pa-

pers to ascertain where to find the desired articles. Advertising becomes a necessity in the successful prosecution of all classes of business. A business man might just as well take down his sign as to take his advertisements out of the papers. A liberal system of advertising by all the business men of this city would secure a trade of tens of thousands every year which now goes to St. Paul. Strangers, looking over our advertising columns, would naturally infer that we have a very dull town or a very peculiar class of business men.

The Davenport Gazette relates how a gentleman became engaged for life, as was supposed; how all preparations were made for the happy event by both parties, with an anticipated honeymoon trip east; and how finally the whole affair collapsed, broke down, because they could not agree upon the person to tie the hymeneal knot—the lady claiming the privilege of being married by a minister, and the gentleman warmly insisting that none but a magistrate should perform the ceremony for him, as marriage, according to his view, was simply a civil contract. The man is a brute, and the lady should thank her lucky stars that let her out of bondage.

RAN AWAY.

John Whitlock, a bound boy, aged 17 years—left the subscriber at Cottage Grove on the 19th instant. Had on when he left, steel-mixed pants, striped shirt and black hat. All persons are cautioned against harboring or trusting him on my account.

ROBERT WILKIN.

GUARDIAN'S SALE.—STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Ramsey, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the guardianship of Emma S. Lambert, Henry A. Lambert, Florence M. Lambert, and Grace E. Lambert, minors. Notice is hereby given that by virtue of and in pursuance of an order of license made in said matter on the 18th day of August, A. D. 1866, by the Probate Court of said county, the undersigned, guardian of the above-named minors, will, on the

27th DAY OF SEPTEMBER A. D. 1866, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the front door of the Hallway House, on the Stillwater road, kept by E. G. Gray, Esq., in Washington county, offer for sale and sell at public auction the following described real estate:

The south-east quarter of section 17, town 29, range 21, containing one hundred and sixty acres.

JOHN S. PRINCE, Guardian.

Dated this 27th day of August, A. D. 1866.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Washington—District Court, First Judicial District.

[U. S. Rev. Stamp, 50 Cents.]

Nicholas Helfy against George Kern and Salomon Kern—Summons.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant, Greeting:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the clerk of this Court in Stillwater, Minn., the year answer to the said complaint in the office of the clerk of said court at Stillwater, in the State of Minnesota, within thirty days after the service of this summons on

